BZZZOOS



ALHCA



Test Booklet Code



This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of 3 hours duration and this Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **WW**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals): SAIVIGNESH RAMKUMAR.	
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in words Five one one nine zero four twee four	nine.
Centre of Examination (in Capitals): THE SPECTRUM ACADEMY	MATRIC SCHOOL
Candidate's Signature : Rik Sawignes Invigilator's Signature : 12- 8 um	
Pacsimile signature stamp of Centre Superintendent:	
ALHCA/WW/Page 1	English

- 8. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is
 - (1) 40 Q
 - (2) 250 Ω
 - (3) 25Ω
 - (4) 500 Ω
- 9. A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m⁻¹ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
 - (1) 7·14 A
 - (2) 14·76 A
 - (3) 5.98 A
 - (4) 11·32 A
- between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
 - (1) the current source
 - (2) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
 - (3) the magnetic field
 - (4) the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field
- 11. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μ F and a resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, $V = 10 \sin 314 t$. The power loss in the circuit is
 - (1) 0.79 W
 - (2) 2·74 W
 - (3) 0·43 W
 - (4) 1·13 W

- 12. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
 - (1) 30 cm away from the mirror
 - (2) 30 cm towards the mirror
 - (3) 36 cm away from the mirror
 - (4) 36 cm towards the mirror

An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity $\overrightarrow{V} = \overrightarrow{V} \hat{i}$. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along

- (1) z direction
- (2) y direction
- (3) + z direction
- (4) -x direction

The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance

- (1) 0·138 H
- (2) 1·389 H
- (3) 138·88 H
- (4) 13·89 H

The refractive index of the material of a prism is $\sqrt{2}$ and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is

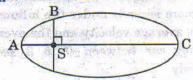
- (1) 60°
- $(2) 30^{\circ}$
- (3) 45°
- (4) zero

- 22. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is
 - (1) 330 m/s
 - (2) 350 m/s
 - (3) 339 m/s
 - (4) 300 m/s
- 23. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m/s² at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is
 - (1) $2\pi s$
 - (2) 2s
 - (3) πs



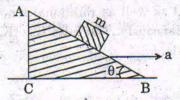
- (4) 1 s
- The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is
 - (1) independent of the distance between the plates.
 - (2) proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates.
 - (3) linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (4) inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.
- 25. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is
 - (1) smaller
 - (2) 10 times greater
 - (3) 5 times greater
 - (4) equal

26. The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are K_A, K_B and K_C, respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then



- (1) $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- (2) $K_B < K_A < K_C$
- $(3) \quad K_A > K_B > K_C$
- $(4) \quad K_B > K_A > K_C$
- 27. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio $K_t: (K_t + K_r)$ for the sphere is
 - (1) 7:10
 - (2) 10.7
 - (3) 5:7
 - (4) 2:5
 - A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?
 - (1) Angular velocity
 - (2) Rotational kinetic energy
 - (3) Moment of inertia
 - (4) Angular momentum
- If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is **not** correct?
 - (1) Raindrops will fall faster.
 - (2) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
 - (3) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
 - (4) 'g' on the Earth will not change.

- 30. A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field E. Due to the force qE, its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively.
 - (1) 2 m/s, 4 m/s
 - (2) 1 m/s, 3·5 m/s
 - (3) 1 m/s, 3 m/s
 - (4) 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s
- 31. A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is



- (1) $a = \frac{g}{\csc \theta}$
- (2) $a = g \cos \theta$
- (3) $a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$
- (4) $a = g \tan \theta$
- 32. The moment of the force, $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$ at (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by
 - (1) $-8\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 7\hat{k}$
 - (2) $-7\hat{i} 8\hat{j} 4\hat{k}$
 - (3) $-4\hat{i} \hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
 - $(4) 7\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
- 33. A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is
 - (1) 0.521 cm
 - (2) 0.053 cm
 - (3) 0.525 cm
 - (4) 0.529 cm

- 34. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (1) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
 - (2) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
 - (3) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
 - (4) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.
- 35. Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed ω about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
 - $(1) W_C > W_B > W_A$
 - $(2) W_B > W_A > W_C$
 - $(3) \quad W_A > W_B > W_C$
 - $(4) \quad W_A > W_C > W_B$
- 36. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be
 - (1) 0.5
 - (2) 0.8
 - (3) 0.25
 - (4) 0.4
- 37. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



- $(1) \quad \frac{3}{2} D$
- $(2) \quad \frac{7}{5} D$
- (3) D
- $\frac{6}{4}$ D



Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by Δl on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?

- (1) 9 F
- (2) 4 F
- (3) 6 F
- (4) F

39. A sample of 0·1 g of water at 100°C and normal pressure (1·013 × 10⁵ Nm⁻²) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167·1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is

- (1) 104·3 J
- (2) 42·2 J
- (3) 208·7 J
- (4) 84·5 J

40. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, λ_0 . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$, the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is

- $(1) \frac{3}{4}$
- (2) $\frac{256}{81}$
- (3) $\frac{4}{3}$
- $(4) \quad \frac{81}{256}$

A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to

- (1) r⁸
- (2) r⁵
- (3) r^2
- (4) r⁴

42. An electron of mass m with an initial velocity $\overrightarrow{V} = \overrightarrow{V_0} \, \hat{i} \, (V_0 > 0)$ enters an electric field $\overrightarrow{E} = - \, \overrightarrow{E_0} \, \hat{i} \, (E_0 = \text{constant} > 0)$ at t = 0. If λ_0 is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is

$$(1) \frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0}t\right)}$$

- (2) $\lambda_0 t$
- (3) $\lambda_0 \left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0} t \right)$
- (4) λ_0

43. For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is

- (1) 20
- (2) 30
- (3) 10
- (4) 15

The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is

- (1) 1:1
- $(2) \quad 2 \cdot -1$
- (3) 1:-1
- (4) 1:-2

45. When the light of frequency $2v_0$ (where v_0 is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v_1 . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to $5v_0$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v_2 . The ratio of v_1 to v_2 is

- (1) 1:2
- (2) 4:1
- (3) 1:4
- (4) 2:1

- Which of the following oxides is most acidic in ature?
 - (1) MgO
 - (2) BaO
 - (3) BeO
 - (4) CaO
- 47. The difference between amylose and amylopectin is
 - (1) Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$ α -linkage
 - (2) Amylopectin have 1 \rightarrow 4 α -linkage and 1 \rightarrow 6 β -linkage
 - (3) Amylose have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$ β -linkage
 - (4) Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose
- 48. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc. H₂SO₄. The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
 - (1) 1.4
 - (2) 2.8
 - (3) 3.0
 - (4) 4.4
- 49. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is *incorrect*?
 - (1) They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.
 - (2) Examples are bakelite and melamine.
 - (3) They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.
 - (4) They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.
- 50. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because
 - (1) In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.
 - (2) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.
 - (3) In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.
 - (4) In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.

- and with PCl₅ gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order
 - (1) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_6 , C_2H_5Cl
 - (2) C_2H_5Cl , C_2H_6 , C_2H_5OH
 - (3) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_5Cl , C_2H_5ONa
 - (4) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_5ONa , C_2H_5Cl
- 52. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is
 - (1) CH = CH
 - (2) $CH_3 CH_3$
 - (3) $CH_2 = CH_2$
 - (4) CH₄
- 53. The compound C₇H₈ undergoes the following reactions:

ions:

$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 \text{ Cl}_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{\text{Br}_2/\text{Fe}} B \xrightarrow{\text{Zn}/\text{HCl}} C$$

The product 'C' is

- (1) m-bromotoluene
- (2) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- (3) o-bromotoluene
- (4) p-bromotoluene
- Which oxide of nitrogen is **not** a commo pollutant introduced into the atmosphere bot due to natural and human activity?
- $(1) N_2O_5$
- (2) N₂O
- (3) NO₂
- (4) NO

- The bond dissociation energies of X2, Y2 and XY 60. are in the ratio of 1:0.5:1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol-1. The bond dissociation energy of X₂ will be
 - 200 kJ mol-1
 - 800 kJ mol-1
 - 100 kJ mol-1
 - 400 kJ mol-1 (4)
- When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
 - (1) is halved
 - (2) is tripled
 - is doubled
 - remains unchanged (4)
 - The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
 - density of the gas molecules (1)
 - electric field present between the (2)molecules
 - volume of the gas molecules (3)
 - forces of attraction between gas the (4) molecules
 - For the redox reaction 58.

$$MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$$

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

- Carlotta	MnO ₄	$C_2O_4^{2-}$	H ⁺
(1)	16	5	2
(2)	2	16	5
(3)	2	5	16
(4)	5	16	2

Which one of the following conditions will favour 59. maximum formation of the product in the

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \quad \Delta_r H = -X kJ$$
?

- (1) Low temperature and high pressure
- High temperature and high pressure
- Low temperature and low pressure (3)
- High temperature and low pressure

Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

$$BrO_4^- \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} BrO_3^- \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} HBrO$$

$$Br^- \xleftarrow{1.0652 \text{ V}} Br_2 \xrightarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation Brog direction and extend not be notice.

- (2) Br₂
- BrO. (3)
- (4) ·HBrO
- Among CaH2, BeH2, BaH2, the order of ionic
- (1) $BeH_2 < CaH_2 < BaH_2$
- $(2) \quad BeH_2 < BaH_2 < CaH_2$
- (3) CaH₂ < BeH₂ < BaH₂
- BaH₂ < BeH₂ < CaH₂
- In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?
 - 18 mL of water
 - 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and
 - 0.18 g of water
 - 10⁻³ mol of water
- The correct difference between first-63. second-order reactions is that
 - the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
 - a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed
 - the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]0; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]0
 - the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations



Which of the following statements is not true for 7. halogens?

- All form monobasic oxyacids. (1)
- All but fluorine show positive oxidation
- All are oxidizing agents. (3)
- Chlorine has the highest electron-gain (4)



Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alumina?

- (1)
- (2) Mg
- (3) Zn
- (4)



The correct order of atomic radii in group 13

- (1) B < Al < In < Ga < Tl
- B < Ga < Al < Tl < In
- B < Al < Ga < In < Tl (3)
- B < Ga < Al < In < Tl (4)



In the structure of ClF₃, the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is

- (1) one
- (2) four
- (3)
- (4) three



The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is

- HNO3, NO, N2, NH4Cl
- HNO3, NH4CI, NO, N2
- HNO3, NO, NH4Cl, N2
- NH₄Cl, N₂, NO, HNO₃

Which one of the following elements is unable to form MF₆³⁻ion?

- Ga (1)
- (2) B
- (3)Al
- In (4)

In the reaction

OH
$$O^{-}Na^{+}$$
 + CHCl₃ + NaOH \longrightarrow CHO

the electrophile involved is

- dichloromethyl cation (CHCl2) (1)
- dichloromethyl anion (CHCl2) (2)
- formyl cation (CHO) (3)
- dichlorocarbene (:CCl2) (4)

Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols comparable molecular mass. It is due to their

- formation of intramolecular H-bonding (1)
- (2)more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction
- formation of carboxylate ion (3)
- (4) formation of intermolecular H-bonding

Compound A, C8H10O, is found to react with 79. NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively

(1)
$$H_3C \longrightarrow CH_2 - OH \text{ and } I_2$$

(2)
$$CH - CH_3 \text{ and } I_2$$

OH

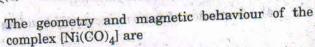
(3)
$$\sim$$
 CH₂ – CH₂ – OH and I₂

(4)
$$CH_3$$
 OH and I_2

80. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the 85. spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the correct code:

	Column I	Column II
a.	Co ³⁺ i. i.	√8 B.M. 6 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
b.	Cr ³⁺ ii.	√35 B.M.

- iii. √3 B.M.
- c d (1)
- (3)
- Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)5 is
 - (1) tetranuclear engine in the state of the
 - trinuclear (2)
 - mononuclear (3)
 - dinuclear and the transfer that the contract of the contract o (4)



- square planar geometry and diamagnetic (1)
- square planar geometry and paramagnetic (2)
- tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic (3)
- tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic



Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?

- MnO4 (2)
- $\operatorname{Cr}_2\operatorname{O}_7^{2^-}$
- (4)



The type of isomerism shown by the complex [CoCl2(en)2] is

- Geometrical isomerism (1)
- Ionization isomerism (2)
- Coordination isomerism (3)
- Linkage isomerism (4)

- Following solutions were prepared by mixing different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations:
- $60 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
- 55 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 45 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaOH
- 75 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ HCl + 25 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ NaOH
- d. $100 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 100 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

- (1)
- (2)d
- (3)a
- (4)
- On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an ion depend?
- The magnitude of the charge on the ion
- Both magnitude and sign of the charge of (2) the ion
- Size of the ion alone (3)
- The sign of charge on the ion alone
- solubility of BaSO4 in water i 87. 2.42×10^{-3} gL⁻¹ at 298 K. The value of it solubility product (K_{sp}) will be (Given molar mass of BaSO₄ = 233 g mol⁻¹)
 - $1.08\times 10^{-10}\ mol^2\ L^{-2}$
 - $1.08\times 10^{-14}\ \mathrm{mol}^2\ \mathrm{L}^{-2}$
 - $1.08\times 10^{-12}\ \mathrm{mol}^2\ L^{-2}$
 - $1.08\times 10^{-8}\ mol^2\ L^{-2}$
- Given van der Waals constant for NH3, H2, 88. and CO2 are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.36 as 3.59, which one of the following gases is mo easily liquefied?
 - (1) NH3
 - 02 (2)
 - H_2 (3)
 - CO2



Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?

- (1) Aniline
- (2) Benzoic acid
- (3) Acetanilide
- (4) Glycine
- 90. Identify the major products P, Q and R in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Anhydrous} \\
+ \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CI} \xrightarrow{\text{AlCl}_3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{AlCl}_3 \\
\text{P} \xrightarrow{\text{(i) O}_2} \\
\text{(ii) H O^{+/A}}
\end{array}$$

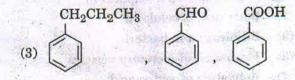
P

Q

R

(1)
$$CH_2CH_2CH_3$$
 CHO CH_3CH_2-OH

(2)
$$CH(CH_3)_2$$
 OH $CH_3CH(OH)CH_3$



(4)
$$CH(CH_3)_2$$
 $CH_3-CO-CH_3$

What type of ecological pyramid would be obtained with the following data?

Secondary consumer: 120 g

Primary consumer: 60 g

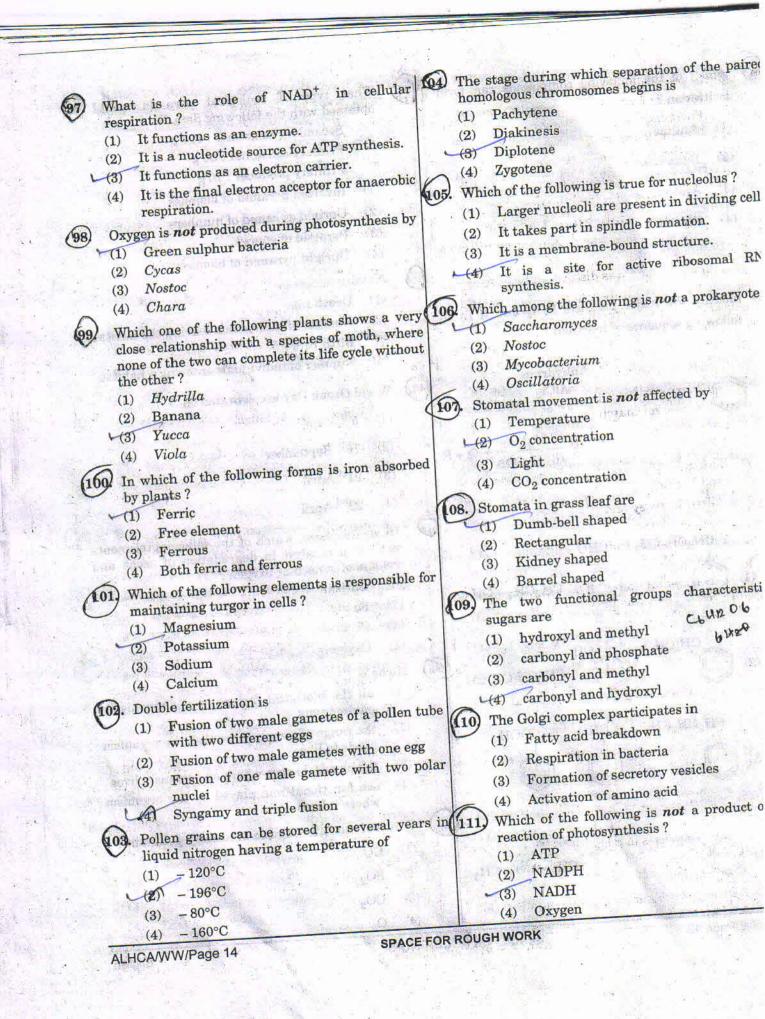
Primary producer: 10 g

- (1) Inverted pyramid of biomass
- (2) Upright pyramid of numbers
- (3) Pyramid of energy
- (4) Upright pyramid of biomass

92 1

Natality refers to

- (1) Death rate
- (2) Number of individuals leaving the habitat
- Birth rate
- (4) Number of individuals entering a habitat
- World Ozone Day is celebrated on
 - (1) 5th June
 - (2) 16th September
 - (3) 21st April
 - (4) 22nd April
- In stratosphere, which of the following elements acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and release of molecular oxygen?
 - (1) Carbon
 - (2) Fe
 - (3) Cl
 - (4) Oxygen
- 95) Niche is
 - (1) all the biological factors in the organism's environment
 - (2) the range of temperature that the organism needs to live
 - (3) the physical space where an organism lives
 - (4) the functional role played by the organism where it lives
- 96.) Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?
 - (1) CO
 - (2) SO₂
 - (3) CO_2
 - (4) O_3



12.) Offsets are produced by	Winged pollen grains are present in
(12.) Onsets are produced by Meiotic divisions	(1) Mustard
(2) Parthenocarpy	(2) Mango
(3) Mitotic divisions	(3) Cycas
(4) Parthenogenesis	
	(4) Pinus
Select the correct statement: (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage".	After karyogamy followed by meiosis, spores ar
	produced exogenously in
(2) Spliceosomes take part in translation.	(1) Neurospora
(3) Punnett square was developed by a British scientist.	(2) Agaricus
The state of the s	(3) Alternaria
(4) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman.	(4) Saccharomyces
Which of the following has proved helpful in	Commence of Street Programme and the Astronomy
preserving pollen as fossils?	Which one is wrongly matched?
(1) Pollenkitt	Uniflagellate gametes - Polysiphonia
(2) Oil content	(2) Gemma cups - Marchantia
(3) Cellulosic intine	(3) Biflagellate zoospores - Brown algae
(4) Sporopollenin	(4) Unicellular organism - Chlorella
	the second of th
115. Select the correct match: (1) Alec Jeffreys – Streptococcus	Match the items given in Column I with those i
pneumoniae	Column II and select the correct option give
(2) Matthew Meselson - Pisum sativum	below:
and F, Stahl	Column I Column II
(3) Alfred Hershey and - TMV	a. Herbarium i. It is a place having a
Martha Chase	collection of preserved
M4) François Jacob and - Lac operon	plants and animals.
Jacques Monod	b. Key ii. A list that enumerates
C Cicongometive	methodically all the
replication of DNA was first shown in a	species found in an area
	with brief description
(1) Fungus (2) Plant	aiding identification.
	Is a place where dried at
	pressed plant specimens mounted on sheets are
Which of the following flowers only once in its	
life-time?	kept.
(1) Bamboo species	d. Catalogue iv. A booklet containing a l
(2) Mango	of characters and their
(3) Jackfruit	alternates which are
(4) Papaya	helpful in identification
118. Which of the following pairs is wrongly	various taxa.
matched?	\mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} , \mathbf{c} , \mathbf{d}
(1) Starch synthesis in pea : Multiple alleles	(1) i iv iii ii
(2) XO type sex : Grasshopper	(2) ii iv iii i i i i iii ii iii ii iii ii
determination	(3) iii ii ii ii iv iv orbis (1)
(3) ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance	(4) iii iv i ii
(4) T.H. Morgan : Linkage	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O

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The transparent lens in the human eye is held in 140 its place by

- ligaments attached to the ciliary body
- smooth muscles attached to the iris (2)
- ligaments attached to the iris (3)
- smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body (4)



Which of the following hormones can play a significant role in osteoporosis?

- Aldosterone and Prolactin (1)
- Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone (2)
- Progesterone and Aldosterone (3)
- Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin (4)



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Which of the following structures or regions is incorrectly paired with its function?

- Medulla oblongata:
- controls respiration and cardiovascular
- reflexes.
- (2) Hypothalamus
- production of releasing hormones and regulation of temperature,
- hunger and thirst.
- Limbic system
- consists of fibre
- tracts that interconnect
- different regions of brain: controls
- movement.
- Corpus callosum
- band of fibers connecting left and right cerebral hemispheres.
- Which of the following is an amino acid derived hormone?
 - Epinephrine (1)
 - Estradiol (2)
 - Ecdysone
 - Estriol (4)

- All of the following are part of an operon except
 - (1) an operator
 - (2) an enhancer
 - structural genes (3)
 - a promoter (4)
- AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding sequence of the transcribed mRNA?
 - AGGUAUCGCAU
 - ACCUAUGCGAU
 - UGGTUTCGCAT (3)
 - UCCAUAGCGUA
 - Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I

Column II

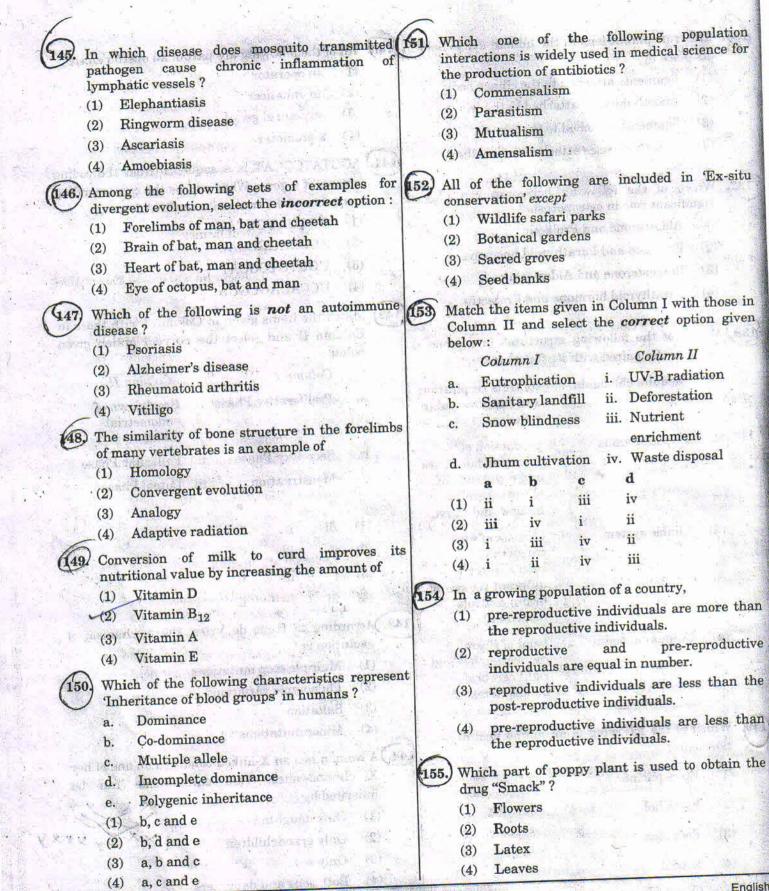
- Proliferative Phase i. Breakdown of endometrial
 - lining
- Secretory Phase b.
- Follicular Phase

iii. Luteal Phase

- Menstruation
- (1)
- - ii iii
- According to Hugo de Vries, the mechanism of evolution is
 - Multiple step mutations
 - Phenotypic variations (2)
 - Saltation (3)
 - Minor mutations
 - A woman has an X-linked condition on one of her X chromosomes. This chromosome inherited by
 - Only daughters
 - Only grandchildren (2)
 - Only sons
 - Both sons and daughters

ALHCA/WW/Page 17

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK





Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are

- (1) hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin
- (2) hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens
- (3) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
- (4) hCG, progestogens, estrogens, glucocorticoids



The contraceptive 'SAHELI'

- blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted.
- (2) is an IUD.
- (3) increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
- (4) is a post-coital contraceptive.



The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from

- (1) ectoderm and mesoderm
- (2) mesoderm and trophoblast
- (3) endoderm and mesoderm
- (4) ectoderm and endoderm



The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation is

- (1) In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
- (2) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
- (3) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.
- (4) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.

Which of the following options correctly represents the lung conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively?

- (1) Inflammation of bronchioles; Decreased respiratory surface
- (2) Increased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles
- (3) Increased number of bronchioles; Increased respiratory surface
- (4) Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles

Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the *correct* option given below:

Property Control				
Col	um	n		
		-		
1			_ E2	WHEN ST

Column II

- a. Tricuspid valve i. Between left atrium and left ventricle
- b. Bicuspid valve ii. Between right
 ventricle and
 pulmonary artery
- c. Semilunar valve iii. Between right atrium and right ventricle

	a	b	c
(1)	iii	i	ii
(2)	di d	(d)	iii
(3)	'i'	iii 🦸	ii

162. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

	Coli	ımn I	**************************************	37.49	Column II
a.	Tida	al volum	e.	i.	2500 - 3000 mL
b.	0.00	Inspiratory Reserve volume			1100 – 1200 mL
c.	Exp volu	iratory I me	Reserve	iii.	500 – 550 mL
d.	Resi	idual vol	ume	iv.	1000 - 1100 mL
	a	b	c	d	
(1) iii	ii	i	iv	
(2) i	iv ·	ii	iii	EP 1057
(3) iii	i	iv	ii 🌁	
(4) iv	iii	ii	i	(\$40 c

163.	Match tl	e items	given	in C	Column I	with th	ose in
	Column	II and	select	the	correct	option	given
	holow:			S 014310	rest at levents	The state of the s	S 4 14 1

Delov		donor!	100	mil)	STREET STATE OF THE
	Colur		100 10		Column II
la iya	(Fund				(Part of Excretory System)
a.	Ultra	filtratio	n .	i.	Henle's loop
b	Concentration of urine			1 13	was the second
c.	Tran urine		HISH U AN	iii,	Urinary bladder
d.	d. Storage of urine			iv.	Malpighian corpuscle
				v.	Proximal convoluted tubule
No.	a	b	c		d
(1)	iv	v	ii	1 20	iii
(2)	v ·	iy	i	tlav Jú	ii
(3)	iv	i	ii		iii
(4)	v	iv	i	E II	iii

Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the *correct* option given below:

	Colur	nn I	10000	Column II	
a.	Glyco	suria	i	Accumulation of uric acid in joints	
b.	Gout		ii.	Mass of crystallised salts within the kidne	ey
c.	Renal calculi		iii.	Inflammation in glomeruli	10
d.	Glomerular nephritis		iv.	urine	a
: 1-03, 1	а	b	c	d	
(1)	iii	ii	iv	i	
(2)	ii	iii.	i-,	iv	
(3)	i	ii	iii	iv iv	
(4)	iv	i	ii	iii	59

- se in 165. Which of the following is an occupational respiratory disorder?
 - (1) Anthracis
 - (2) Botulism
 - (3) Silicosis
 - (4) Emphysema
 - 66. Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction because it
 - (1) binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin.
 - (2) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament.
 - (3) activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it.
 - (4) prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament.
 - 167. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column I

	a.	Fibrinogen Globulin		i.	Osmotic balance
	b.			ii.	Blood clotting
	c.	Albumin		iii.	Defence mechanism
À	(A) 1417%	a	ь	c	
	(1)	iii	ii	i	
	(2)	i	iii	ii	
	(3)	i	ii .	iii	
	(4)	ii	iii	i	
9			the fol		gastric cells indirectly
	770		0 11		

- (1) Chief cells
- (2) Goblet cells
- (3) Mucous cells
- (4) Parietal cells

(169)

Which of these statements is incorrect? | 175.

- (1) Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.
- (2) Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.
- (3) Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.
- (4) Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer mitochondrial membrane.
- 170. Many ribosomes may associate with a single mRNA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide simultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are termed as
 - (1) Polysome
 - (2) Plastidome
 - (3) Polyhedral bodies
 - (4) Nucleosome
- Which of the following terms describe human dentition?
 - (1) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont
 - (2) Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont
 - (3) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
 - (4) Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
- 172. Select the incorrect match :
 - (1) Lampbrush Diplotene bivalents chromosomes
 - (2) Submetacentric L-shaped chromosomes
 - (3) Allosomes Sex chromosomes
 - (4) Polytene Oocytes of amphibians chromosomes
- 173. Nissl bodies are mainly composed of
 - (1) Proteins and lipids
 - (2) Nucleic acids and SER
 - (3) DNA and RNA
 - (4) Free ribosomes and RER
- 174. Which of the following events does not occur in rough endoplasmic reticulum?
 - (1) Protein folding
 - (2) Cleavage of signal peptide
 - (3) Protein glycosylation
 - (4) Phospholipid synthesis

- 175. Which one of these animals is not a homeotherm?
 - (1) Macropus
 - (2) Camelus
 - (3) Chelone
 - (4) Psittacula
 - Which of the following features is used to identify a male cockroach from a female cockroach?
 - (1) Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the 9th abdominal segment
 - (2) Forewings with darker tegmina
 - (3) Presence of caudal styles
 - (4) Presence of anal cerci
 - 77. Identify the vertebrate group of animals characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive system.
 - (1) Amphibia
 - (2) Aves
 - (3) Reptilia
 - (4) Osteichthyes
 - 178. Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in
 - (1) using flagella for locomotion
 - (2) using pseudopodia for capturing prey
 - (3) having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water
 - (4) having two types of nuclei
 - 179. Which of the following organisms are known as chief producers in the oceans?
 - (1) Dinoflagellates
 - (2) Cyanobacteria
 - (3) Diatoms
 - (4) Euglenoids
 - 180. Which of the following animals does not undergo metamorphosis?
 - (1) Earthworm
 - (2) Moth
 - (3) Tunicate
 - (4) Starfish