CHLAA



Test Booklet Code



This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and this Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **GG**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 3. Use of white fluid for correction is *not* permissible on the Answer Sheet.

- Offsets are produced by Parthenocarpy (1) Parthenogenesis (2) Mitotic divisions Meiotic divisions (4) The experimental proof for semiconservative replication of DNA was first shown in a (1) Plant (2) Virus (3) Bacterium (4) Fungus Select the correct match: 3. Matthew Meselson Pisum sativum and F. Stahl (2) François Jacob and - Lac operon Jacques Monod (3) Alfred Hershey and TMV Martha Chase (4) Alec Jeffreys Streptococcus pneumoniae Which of the following pairs is wrongly matched? XO type sex Grasshopper Determination (2)T.H. Morgan Linkage (3)ABO blood grouping Co-dominance Starch synthesis in pea Multiple alleles (4) Select the correct statement: Spliceosomes take part in translation. Transduction was discovered by S. Altman. Punnett square was developed by a British scientist. (4) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". Which of the following has proved helpful in 6. preserving pollen as fossils? (1) Oil content (2) Sporopollenin Cellulosic intine (4) Pollenkitt Which of the following flowers only once in its 7. life-time? (1) Mango (2)Papaya (3)Jackfruit (4) Bamboo species
 - 8. The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is
 - (1) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
 - (2) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
 - (3) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation
 - (4) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
 - In India, the organisation responsible for assessing the safety of introducing genetically modified organisms for public use is
 - (1) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM)
 - (2) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC)
 - (3) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR)
 - (4) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)
 - 10. Which of the following is commonly used as a vector for introducing a DNA fragment in human lymphocytes?
 - (1) λ phage
 - (2) pBR 322
 - (3) Ti plasmid
 - (4) Retrovirus
 - Use of bioresources by multinational companies and organisations without authorisation from the concerned country and its people is called
 - (1) Biodegradation
 - (2) Bioexploitation
 - (3) Biopiracy
 - (4) Bio-infringement
 - 12. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to
 - (1) Lerma Rojo
 - (2) Basmati
 - (3) Sharbati Sonora
 - (4) Co-667
 - 13. Select the correct match:
 - (1) T.H. Morgan Transduction
 - (2) G. Mendel
 - (3) $F_2 \times \text{Recessive parent}$ Dihybrid cross
 - 4) Ribozyme Nucleic acid

Transformation

14.	Whi	ch of the following is true for nucleolus?	22.	Whi	ch one	is <i>wro</i>	ngly	matched?		
	(1)	It takes part in spindle formation.		(1)	Gem	ma cup	S	- Marchantia		
	(2)	It is a site for active ribosomal RNA		(2)		ellular				
		synthesis.		(3)		The second second		oores – Brown algae		
	(3)	It is a membrane-bound structure.		(4)	Unif	lagellat	e gan	netes - Polysiphonia		
	(4)	Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells.	23.	Mot	ah tha	itoma	aivon	in Column I with those in		
15.	The	Golgi complex participates in	40.					the <i>correct</i> option given		
	(1)	Respiration in bacteria		belo		i and a	serect	the correct option given		
	(2)	Activation of amino acid		Deto	Colui	mn I		Column II		
	(3)	Formation of secretory vesicles					1	100000		
	(4)	Fatty acid breakdown		a.	Hert	parium	1.	It is a place having a		
16.	Whi	ch of the following is not a product of light						collection of preserved plants and animals.		
	reac	etion of photosynthesis?		dien	77		an least			
	(1)	NADPH		b.	Key		ii.	A list that enumerates		
	(2)	Oxygen						methodically all the		
	(3)	NADH						species found in an area with brief description		
	(4)	ATP						aiding identification.		
17.	Whi	ch among the following is <i>not</i> a prokaryote?			7/					
	(1)	Nostoc		c.	Mus	eum	iii.	Is a place where dried and		
	(2)	Oscillatoria						pressed plant specimens mounted on sheets are		
	(3)	Mycobacterium						kept.		
	(4)	Saccharomyces		d.	Coto	logue	iv.	A booklet containing a list	-	
18.	Ston	natal movement is <i>not</i> affected by		u.	Cata	nogue	IV.	of characters and their		
	(1)	O ₂ concentration						alternates which are		
	(2)	CO ₂ concentration	*1					helpful in identification of	F	
	(3)	Light	111 2					various taxa.		
	(4)	Temperature			a	b	c	m and exerting himself		
19.	The	two functional groups characteristic of		(1)	ii	iv	iii			
	suga	ars are		(2)	iii	iv	i	ii 0 001 - 1 (9)		
	(1)	carbonyl and phosphate		(3)	iii	ii	i	iv		
	(2)	carbonyl and hydroxyl	,		i	iv	iii			
	(3)	carbonyl and methyl	F - 28	(1)		ıv.	111	"		
	(4)	hydroxyl and methyl	24.	Win	ged po	ollen gr	ains a	are present in		
20.	The	stage during which separation of the paired		(1)	Man	go				
	hom	nologous chromosomes begins is	correct	(2)	Pinu	s				
	(1)	Diakinesis		(3)	Cyca	ıs		Troppingst		
	(2)	Zygotene		(4)	Mus	tard				
	(3)	Diplotene					xas n			
	(4)	Pachytene	25.					wed by meiosis, spores are		
21.	Stor	nata in grass leaf are		-		exogen	ously	in a second of the second of t		
	(1)	Rectangular	138	(1)	Agar					
	(2)	Barrel shaped		(2)		haromy	ces	(2) Feets series days		
	(3)	Kidney shaped		(3)		rnaria				
	(4)	Dumb-bell shaped		(4)	Neur	rospora		Section 1		

- 26. Oxygen is *not* produced during photosynthesis by
 - (1) Cycas
 - (2) Chara
 - (3) Nostoc
 - (4) Green sulphur bacteria
- 27. Double fertilization is
 - (1) Fusion of two male gametes with one egg
 - (2) Syngamy and triple fusion
 - (3) Fusion of one male gamete with two polar nuclei
 - (4) Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube with two different eggs
- **28.** Which of the following elements is responsible for maintaining turgor in cells?
 - (1) Potassium
 - (2) Calcium
 - (3) Sodium
 - (4) Magnesium
- 29. Which one of the following plants shows a very close relationship with a species of moth, where none of the two can complete its life cycle without the other?
 - (1) Banana
 - (2) Viola
 - (3) Yucca
 - (4) Hydrilla
- **30.** Pollen grains can be stored for several years in liquid nitrogen having a temperature of
 - (1) 196°C
 - $(2) 160^{\circ}C$
 - $(3) 80^{\circ}C$
 - $(4) 120^{\circ}C$
- 31. What is the role of NAD⁺ in cellular respiration?
 - (1) It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis.
 - (2) It is the final electron acceptor for anaerobic respiration.
 - (3) It functions as an electron carrier.
 - (4) It functions as an enzyme.
- **32.** In which of the following forms is iron absorbed by plants?
 - (1) Free element
 - (2) Both ferric and ferrous
 - (3) Ferrous
 - (4) Ferric

- 33. Niche is
 - the range of temperature that the organism needs to live
 - (2) the functional role played by the organism where it lives
 - (3) the physical space where an organism lives
 - (4) all the biological factors in the organism's environment
 - 34. Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?
 - (1) SO₂
 - (2) O_3
 - (3) CO_2
 - (4) CO
 - 35. Natality refers to
 - (1) Number of individuals leaving the habitat
 - (2) Number of individuals entering a habitat
 - (3) Birth rate
 - (4) Death rate
 - 36. World Ozone Day is celebrated on
 - (1) 16th September
 - (2) 22nd April
 - (3) 21st April
 - (4) 5th June
 - 37. What type of 'ecological pyramid would obtained with the following data?

Secondary consumer: 120 g

Primary consumer: 60 g

Primary producer: 10 g

- (1) Upright pyramid of numbers
- (2) Upright pyramid of biomass
- (3) Pyramid of energy
- (4) Inverted pyramid of biomass
- 38. In stratosphere, which of the following eleme acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone a release of molecular oxygen?
 - (1) Fe
 - (2) Oxygen
 - (3) Cl
 - (4) Carbon

39. Casparian strips occur in (1) Cortex (2) Endodermis (3) Pericycle (4) Epidermis 40. Plants having little or no secondary growth are (a) Column II and select the correct of below: (b) Column II and select the correct of below: (c) Column II and select the correct of below: (d) Column II and select the correct of below: (e) Column II and select the correct of below: (f) Column II and select the correct of below: (a) Column II and select the correct of below: (b) Column II and select the correct of below: (c) Column II and select the correct of below: (d) Column II and select the correct of below: (d) Column II and select the correct of below: (e) Column II and select the correct of below: (f) Column II and select the correct of below: (f) Column II and select the correct of below: (h) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (f) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the correct of below: (o) Column II and select the column II and	on of uric stallised the kidney	
(3) Pericycle (4) Epidermis 40. Plants having little or no secondary growth are Column I a. Glycosuria i. Accumulation acid in joints	tallised the kidney	
(4) Epidermis 40. Plants having little or no secondary growth are Column 1 a. Glycosuria i. Accumulation acid in joints	tallised the kidney	
(4) Epidermis 40. Plants having little or no secondary growth are a. Glycosuria i. Accumulation acid in joints	tallised the kidney	
40. Plants having little or no secondary growth are acid in joint	tallised the kidney	
	tallised the kidney	
(1) Conifers (2) Cycods b. Gout ii. Mass of crys	the kidney	
salts within		
(3) Deciduous angiosperms	n in	
(4) Grasses c. Renal calculi iii. Inflammatic		
41. Pneumatophores occur in	e cha	
nonhritis urino	Presence of glucose in urine	
(2) Submerged hydrophytes		
(3) Free-floating hydrophytes a b c d		
(4) Halophytes (1) ii iii i iv		
42. Sweet potato is a modified (2) iv i ii iii		
(1) Tap root (3) i ii iii iv		
(2) Rhizome (4) iii ii iv i		
(3) Adventitious root		
(4) Stem	ith those in	
43. Which of the following statements is correct ? Column II and select the correct	option given	
(1) Horsetails are gymnosperms. below:		
(2) Stems are usually unbranched in both Cycas and Cedrus. Column I Column I (Function) (Part of		
(3) Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous. (Function) (Function) (System)	Excretory)	
(4) Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in a. Ultrafiltration i. Henle's	loop	
gymnosperms. b. Concentration ii. Ureter		
44. Select the <i>wrong</i> statement:		
(1) Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in Sporozoans. c. Transport of iii. Urinar urine	y bladder	
(2) Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except Monera. d. Storage of urine iv. Malpig		
(3) Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.		
(4) Cell wall is present in members of Fungi and Plantae.	al ited tubule	
45. Secondary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are produced by		
(1) Phellogen (1) v iv i ii		
(2) Axillary meristems (2) v iv i iii		
(3) Vascular cambium (3) iv i ii iii		
(4) Apical meristems (4) iv v ii iii		

	umn II and se	elect t	the correct option given
	Column I		Column II
a.	Glycosuria	i.	Accumulation of uric acid in joints
b.	Gout	ii.	Mass of crystallised

c.	Renal calculi	iii.	Inflammation in
			glomeruli

d.		nerular aritis	iv.	Presence of glucose in urine		
	a	b	c	d		
(1)	ii	iii	i	iv		
(2)	iv	i	ii	iii		
(3)	i	ii	iii	iv land		

	Colu	mnI			Column II
	(Fun	ection)			(Part of Excretory System)
a.	Ultr	afiltrati	on	i.	Henle's loop
b.	Conc of u	centrati ine	on	ii.	Ureter
c.	Tran urin	nsport o e	f	iii.	Urinary bladder
d.	Stor	age of u	rine	iv.	Malpighian corpuscle
			ece	v.	Proximal convoluted tubule
	a	b	c	d	albedocke at 18 ko sipopopialio si
(1)	v	iv	i	ii	psav attadqasel
(2)	v	iv	i	ii	ii and
(3)	iv	i	ii	ii	ii
(4)	iv	v	ii	ii	icados(3 (4)

Which of the following animals does not undergo Among the following sets of examples for 54. metamorphosis? divergent evolution, select the incorrect option: (1) Brain of bat, man and cheetah Moth (1) (2) Eye of octopus, bat and man (2) Starfish (3) Heart of bat, man and cheetah (3) Tunicate Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah Earthworm (4) Which of the following is not an autoimmune 49. 55. Which one of these animals not disease? homeotherm? Alzheimer's disease (1) (1) Camelus (2) Vitiligo (3)Rheumatoid arthritis (2) Psittacula (4) **Psoriasis** Chelone (3) Which of the following characteristics represent 50. Macropus (4)'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans? Dominance 56. Which of the following features is used to identify a male cockroach from a female cockroach? b. Co-dominance Forewings with darker tegmina Multiple allele c. Incomplete dominance (2)Presence of anal cerci d. Polygenic inheritance e. (3) Presence of caudal styles b, d and e (1) (4) Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the (2) a, c and e 9th abdominal segment (3) a, b and c 57. Which of the following organisms are known as (4) b, c and e chief producers in the oceans? Conversion of milk to curd improves its (1) Cyanobacteria nutritional value by increasing the amount of (2)Euglenoids (1) Vitamin B₁₂ (3)Diatoms (2) Vitamin E (4) Dinoflagellates (3)Vitamin A Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in (4) Vitamin D 58. using pseudopodia for capturing prey (1) The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs of many vertebrates is an example of having two types of nuclei (2) (1) Convergent evolution (3) having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water (2) Adaptive radiation using flagella for locomotion (3) Analogy (4) Homology Identify the vertebrate group of animals 59. 53. In which disease does mosquito transmitted characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive

pathogen

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

lymphatic vessels?

Amoebiasis

Elephantiasis

Ascariasis

chronic

cause

Ringworm disease

inflammation

system.

Aves

Osteichthyes

Reptilia

Amphibia

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

- **60.** Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are
 - (1) hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens
 - (2) hCG, progestogens, estrogens, glucocorticoids
 - (3) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
 - (4) hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin
- 61. The contraceptive 'SAHELI'
 - (1) is an IUD.
 - (2) is a post-coital contraceptive.
 - (3) increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
 - (4) blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted.
- **62.** The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from
 - (1) mesoderm and trophoblast
 - (2) ectoderm and endoderm
 - (3) endoderm and mesoderm
 - (4) ectoderm and mesoderm
- **63.** The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation is
 - (1) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
 - (2) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.
 - (3) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.
 - (4) In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.

- 64. In a growing population of a country,
 - (1) reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number.
 - (2) pre-reproductive individuals are less than the reproductive individuals.
 - (3) reproductive individuals are less than the post-reproductive individuals.
 - (4) pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals.
- **65.** Which part of poppy plant is used to obtain the drug "Smack"?
 - (1) Roots
 - (2) Leaves
 - (3) Latex
 - (4) Flowers
- **66.** Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the *correct* option given below:

 $Column\ I$

Column II

- a. Eutrophication
- i. UV-B radiation
- b. Sanitary landfill
- ii. Deforestation
- c. Snow blindness
- iii. Nutrient enrichment

d

- d. Jhum cultivation iv. Waste disposal
 - a b c
- (1) iii iv i ii
- (2) i ii iv iii
- (3) i iii iv ii
- (4) ii i iii iv
- 67. Which one of the following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of antibiotics?
 - (1) Parasitism
 - (2) Amensalism
 - (3) Mutualism
 - (4) Commensalism
- **68.** All of the following are included in 'Ex-situ conservation' *except*
 - (1) Botanical gardens
 - (2) Seed banks
 - (3) Sacred groves
 - (4) Wildlife safari parks

69.		ich of the following gastric cells indirectly o in erythropoiesis?	73.	Which of the following is an amino acid deriv hormone?				
	(1)	Goblet cells		(1)	Estradiol			
	(2)	Parietal cells		(2)	Estriol			
	(3)	Mucous cells		(3)	Ecdysone			
	(4)	Chief cells			reso timber a expense . ITA EXIII - EFF			
70.	Mat	ab the items sives in Columb I with the sive		(4)	Epinephrine .			
10.		ch the items given in Column I with those in umn II and select the <i>correct</i> option given	74.	Whi	ch of the following structures or regions			
	belo				correctly paired with its function?			
		Column II Column II		(1)	Hypothalamus : production of			
	a.	Fibrinogen i. Osmotic balance	furies		releasing hormone and regulation of			
	b.	Globulin ii. Blood clotting			temperature,			
	c.	Albumin iii. Defence mechanism	100		hunger and thirst			
				(2)	Corpus callosum : band of fibers			
	(1)	a b c i iii ii			connecting left and right cerebral			
	(2)	i iii ii	hexi		hemispheres.			
	(3)	i iii iii		(3)	Limbic system : consists of fibre			
	(4)	iii valii ii ii seembaald woode			tracts that interconnect different regions o			
71.		cium is important in skeletal muscle			brain; controls movement.			
	(1)	detaches the myosin head from the actin filament.	lores	(4)	Medulla oblongata: controls respiratio and cardiovascula reflexes.			
	(2)	prevents the formation of bonds between			Tellows.			
		the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament.	75.		ch of the following hormones can play ificant role in osteoporosis?			
	(3)	activates the myosin ATPase by binding to		(1)	Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone			
		it.		(2)	Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin			
	(4)	binds to troponin to remove the masking of		(3)	Progesterone and Aldosterone			
		active sites on actin for myosin.	170 YE	(4)	Aldosterone and Prolactin			
72.		ch of the following is an occupational	76.	The	transparent lens in the human eye is held			
yin	resp	piratory disorder?		its p	lace by			
	(1)	Botulism		(1)	smooth muscles attached to the iris			
	(2)	Emphysema		(2)	smooth muscles attached to the ciliary boo			
	(3)	Silicosis		(3)	ligaments attached to the iris			
	(4)	Anthracis Anthracis Anthracis		(4)	ligaments attached to the ciliary body			

77.						ptions correctly	80.	Niss	l bodies are mainly composed of
				ang conc ectively?		in asthma and	noib	(1)	Nucleic acids and SER
	(1)			respirat		surface;		(2)	Free ribosomes and RER
	5.63			n of bron		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		(3)	DNA and RNA
	(2)	Decre		respira		surface;		(4)	Proteins and lipids
				n of bron			81.	Whi	ch of these statements is incorrect?
	(3)	respi	ratory s	surface		chioles; Increased		(1)	Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.
	(4)		mmatio ratory s		ronch	ioles; Decreased		(2)	Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer mitochondrial membrane.
78.	Mat	ch the	items a	given in	Colun	nn I with those in		(3)	Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.
n es	Colu	ımn II		The state of the s		rect option given		(4)	Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in
	belo					STRICEL IIB IC		(4)	mitochondrial matrix.
		Colur				olumn II	00	7.6	The another man should be a second
	a.	Tricu	spid va	ilve i.		tween left atrium	82.		ly ribosomes may associate with a single NA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide
	b.	Bicuspid valve ii. Between right					2501	simu	ultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are
	U.	Dicus	spid vai	11.		ventricle and			ned as
					pul	pulmonary artery		(1)	Plastidome
oute Site	c.	Semilunar valve iii. Between right atrium and right						(2)	Nucleosome
								(3)	Polyhedral bodies
		ventricle						(4)	Polysome
	(1)	a i	b ii	c iii			83.		ch of the following terms describe human tition?
	(2)	ii	i	iii				(1)	Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont
	(3)	i	iii	ii				(2)	Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
	(4)	iii	i	ii		eled to fiel		(3)	Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
79.	Mat	ch the	items	given in	Colun	nn I with those in		(4)	Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont
			I and s	select the	e cor	rect option given	84.	Whi	ch of the following events does <i>not</i> occur in
	belo	ow : Colui	mn I			Column II	104.	rough endoplasmic reticulum?	
			volum			2500 – 3000 mL		(1)	Cleavage of signal peptide
	a.				i.			(2)	Phospholipid synthesis
	b.	b. Inspiratory Reserve volume			11.	ii. 1100 – 1200 mL		(3)	Protein glycosylation
	O LONG			Danama		500 – 550 mL		(4)	Protein folding
	c.	volur		Reserve	111.	500 – 550 mL	0.5		ect the <i>incorrect</i> match :
	d.					1000 – 1100 mL	85.	(1)	Submetacentric – L-shaped chromososmes
	u.		b		d	1000 - 1100 IIIL	od	(1)	chromosomes
	(1)	a i	iv	c ii	iii			(2)	Polytene – Oocytes of amphibians
	(1)			ii	i				chromosomes
	(2)	iv	iii					(3)	Allosomes – Sex chromosomes
	(3)	iii	i 	iv	ii			(4)	Lampbrush – Diplotene bivalents chromosomes
_	(4)	iii	ii	i	iv	2.10 (0.14)			RK English

a

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A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a 86. AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding glass tube. The length of the air column in this strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At sequence of the transcribed mRNA? room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm or ACCUAUGCGAU (1) column length. If the frequency of the tuning forl UCCAUAGCGUA (2)is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is UGGTUTCGCAT (3) (1) 350 m/s AGGUAUCGCAU (4) 300 m/s (2)According to Hugo de Vries, the mechanism of 87. (3) 339 m/s evolution is 330 m/s (4)Phenotypic variations (1) The electrostatic force between the metal plate 92. Minor mutations (2)of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having (3)Saltation charge Q and area A, is Multiple step mutations proportional to the square root of th (4)distance between the plates. Match the items given in Column I with those in 88. inversely proportional to Column II and select the correct option given between the plates. below: linearly proportional to Column II Column I between the plates. independent of the distance between th Breakdown of Proliferative Phase i. endometrial plates. lining An electron falls from rest through a vertice 93. Follicular Phase distance h in a uniform and vertically upwar Secretory Phase directed electric field E. The direction of electr Menstruation iii. Luteal Phase field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude th same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in through the same vertical distance h. The time (1) fall of the electron, in comparison to the time (2)fall of the proton is iii 10 times greater (3)equal iii (2) (4) 5 times greater All of the following are part of an operon except smaller (4)(1) an enhancer A pendulum is hung from the roof of a promoter 94. sufficiently high building and is moving freely structural genes and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. T an operator acceleration of the bob of the pendulum A woman has an X-linked condition on one of her 20 m/s2 at a distance of 5 m from the me 90. X chromosomes. This chromosome position. The time period of oscillation is inherited by 2 s (1) (1) Only grandchildren (2)1 s (2) Both sons and daughters (3)πs (3) Only sons

Only daughters

(4)

 $2\pi s$

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- 95. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is
 - (1) 250Ω

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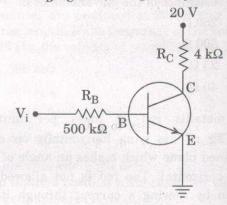
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- (2) 500Ω
- (3) 25Ω
- (4) 40Ω
- 96. A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m⁻¹ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
 - (1) 14·76 A
 - (2) 11·32 A
 - (3) 5.98 A
 - (4) 7·14 A
- 97. A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
 - (1) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
 - (2) the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field
 - (3) the magnetic field
 - (4) the current source
- 98. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μF and a resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, $V=10\sin 314$ t. The power loss in the circuit is
 - (1) 2·74 W
 - (2) 1·13 W
 - (3) 0·43 W
 - (4) 0.79 W

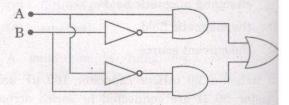
- **99.** An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
 - (1) 30 cm towards the mirror
 - (2) 36 cm towards the mirror
 - (3) 36 cm away from the mirror
 - (4) 30 cm away from the mirror
- 100. An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity $\vec{V}=V\, \hat{i}$. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along
 - (1) y direction
 - (2) x direction
 - (3) + z direction
 - (4) z direction
- A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance
 - (1) 1·389 H
 - (2) 13·89 H
 - (3) 138·88 H
 - (4) 0·138 H
 - 102. The refractive index of the material of a prism is √2 and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is
 - (1) 30°
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 45°
 - (4) 60°

- 103. The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is
 - (1) 2:-1
 - (2) 1:-2
 - (3) 1:-1
 - (4) 1:1
- - (1) $\lambda_0 t$
 - (2) λ_0
 - (3) $\lambda_0 \left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0} t \right)$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1+\frac{eE_0}{mV_0}t\right)}$
- 105. For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is
 - (1) 30
 - (2) 15
 - (3) 10
 - (4) 20
- 106. When the light of frequency $2\nu_0$ (where ν_0 is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v_1 . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to $5\nu_0$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v_2 . The ratio of v_1 to v_2 is
 - (1) 4:1
 - (2) 2:1
 - (3) 1:4
 - (4) 1:2

107. In the circuit shown in the figure, the voltage V_i is 20 V, V_{BE} = 0 and V_{CE} = values of I_B , I_C and β are given by

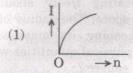


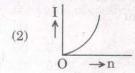
- (1) $I_B = 20 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 250$
- (2) $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 125$
- (3) $I_B = 25 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 200$
- (4) $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $\beta = 250$
- 108. In a p-n junction diode, change in tempe due to heating
 - (1) does not affect resistance of p-n juncti
 - (2) affects the overall V I characteris p-n junction
 - (3) affects only forward resistance
 - (4) affects only reverse resistance
- 109. In the combination of the following gat output Y can be written in terms of inputsB as

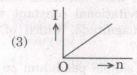


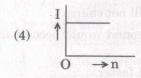
- (1) $\overline{A.B} + A.B$
- (2) $\overline{A + B}$
- (3) $A \cdot \overline{B} + \overline{A} \cdot B$
- (4) A.B

- 110. A carbon resistor of $(47 \pm 4.7) \text{ k}\Omega$ is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be
 - (1) Yellow Green Violet Gold
 - (2) Green Orange Violet Gold
 - (3) Yellow Violet Orange Silver
 - (4) Violet Yellow Orange Silver
- 111. A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf 'E' and internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I. Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10 I. The value of 'n' is
 - (1) 20
 - (2) 9
 - (3) 11
 - (4) 10
- 112. A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?

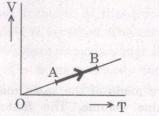








- 113. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is
 - (1) 6.25%
 - (2) 12.5%
 - (3) 20%
 - (4) 26.8%
- 114. The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is



- (1) $\frac{1}{3}$
- (2) $\frac{2}{7}$
- (3) $\frac{2}{3}$
- $(4) \frac{2}{5}$
- 115. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is
 - (1) 12·5 cm
 - (2) 16 cm
 - (3) 8 cm
 - (4) 13·2 cm
- 116. At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere?

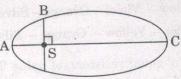
(Given

Mass of oxygen molecule (m) = $2 \cdot 76 \times 10^{-26} \ kg$ Boltzmann's constant $k_B = 1 \cdot 38 \times 10^{-23} \ J \ K^{-1}$)

- (1) $5.016 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (2) $1.254 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (3) $8.360 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (4) $2.508 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$

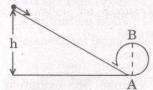
- 117. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, λ_0 . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$, the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is
 - (1) $\frac{256}{81}$
 - (2) $\frac{81}{256}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{3}$
 - $(4) \frac{3}{4}$
- 118. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by Δl on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?
 - (1) 4F
 - (2) F
 - (3) 6 F
 - (4) 9 F
- 119. A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to
 - (1) r^5
 - (2) r^4
 - (3) r^2
 - (4) r^3
- 120. A sample of 0·1 g of water at 100°C and normal pressure (1·013 × 10⁵ Nm⁻²) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167·1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is
 - (1) 42.2 J
 - (2) 84·5 J
 - (3) 208·7 J
 - (4) 104·3 J

orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C ar K_A, K_B and K_C, respectively. AC is the majo axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure Then



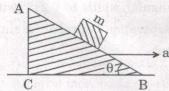
- (1) $K_B < K_A < K_C$
- (2) $K_B > K_A > K_C$
- (3) $K_A > K_B > K_C$
- (4) $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- 122. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinet energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio $K_t: (K_t+K_r)$ the sphere is
 - (1) 10:7
 - (2) 2:5
 - (3) 5:7
 - (4) 7:10
- 123. A solid sphere is rotating freely about symmetry axis in free space. The radius of t sphere is increased keeping its mass sar Which of the following physical quantities won remain constant for the sphere?
 - (1) Rotational kinetic energy
 - (2) Angular momentum
 - (3) Moment of inertia
 - (4) Angular velocity
- 124. If the mass of the Sun were ten times sma and the universal gravitational constant w ten times larger in magnitude, which of following is **not** correct?
 - (1) Time period of a simple pendulum on Earth would decrease.
 - (2) 'g' on the Earth will not change.
 - (3) Walking on the ground would become n difficult.
 - (4) Raindrops will fall faster.

125. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



- $(1) \quad \frac{7}{5} \, D$
- $(2) \quad \frac{5}{4} \, \mathrm{D}$
- (3) D
- (4) $\frac{3}{2}$ D
- 126. Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed ω about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
 - $(1) \quad W_{B} > W_{A} > W_{C}$
 - $(2) \quad W_A > W_C > W_B$
 - $(3) \quad W_{A} > W_{B} > W_{C}$
 - $(4) \quad W_C > W_B > W_A$
- 127. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be
 - (1) 0.8
 - (2) 0.4
 - (3) 0.25
 - (4) 0.5
- 128. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (1) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
 - (2) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.
 - (3) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
 - (4) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.

- **129.** The moment of the force, $\overrightarrow{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$ at (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by
 - (1) $-7\hat{i} 8\hat{j} 4\hat{k}$
 - (2) $-7\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
 - (3) $-4\hat{i} \hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
 - (4) $-8\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 7\hat{k}$
- 130. A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field \overrightarrow{E} . Due to the force q \overrightarrow{E} , its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively
 - (1) 1 m/s, 3·5 m/s
 - (2) 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s
 - (3) 1 m/s, 3 m/s
 - (4) 2 m/s, 4 m/s
- 131. A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is



- (1) $a = g \cos \theta$
- (2) $a = g \tan \theta$
- (3) $a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$
- (4) $a = \frac{g}{\csc \theta}$
- 132. A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of − 0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is
 - (1) 0.053 cm
 - (2) 0.529 cm
 - (3) 0.525 cm
 - (4) 0.521 cm

- 133. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index '\u03c4'. At a particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?
 - $(1) \quad i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
 - $(2) \quad i = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
 - (3) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence
 - (4) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence
- 134. In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0·20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0·21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to
 - (1) 2·1 mm
 - (2) 1·7 mm
 - (3) 1.9 mm
 - (4) 1.8 mm
- 135. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of
 - (1) large focal length and large diameter
 - (2) small focal length and small diameter
 - (3) large focal length and small diameter
 - (4) small focal length and large diameter

- 136. In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?
 - (1) 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 273 K
 - (2) 10^{-3} mol of water
 - (3) 0.18 g of water
 - (4) 18 mL of water
- 137. Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

$$BrO_4^- \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} BrO_3^- \xrightarrow{1.5 \cdot \text{V}} HBrO$$
 $Br^- \xleftarrow{1.0652 \text{ V}} Br_2 \xleftarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is

- (1) Br₂
- (2) HBrO
- (3) BrO₄
- (4) BrO_3^-
- 138. Among CaH₂, BeH₂, BaH₂, the order of ionic character is
 - (1) BeH₂ < BaH₂ < CaH₂
 - (2) $BaH_2 < BeH_2 < CaH_2$
 - (3) CaH₂ < BeH₂ < BaH₂
 - (4) $BeH_2 < CaH_2 < BaH_2$
- 139. The correct difference between first- and second-order reactions is that
 - (1) a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed
 - (2) the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations
 - (3) the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]₀; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]₀
 - (4) the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations

140.		type o		erism sl	nown by the complex	145.		ch one of the following elements is unable to MF_6^{3-} ion?	
	(1)	Ioniza	tion is	omerism					
	(2)		ge ison			OH	(1)	B	
	(3)			isomeris	sm		(2)	In	
	(4)	Geom	etrical	isomeris	m 0 = H5		(3)	Al	
141.					owing ions exhibits gnetism as well?	140	(4)	Ga ne structure of ClF ₃ , the number of lone pairs	
				BO		140.		ectrons on central atom 'Cl' is	
	(1)	MnO					(1)	four	
	(2)	MnO	2- 4			3.88	(2)	three	
	(3)	Cr ₂ O	2-				(3)	two	
							(4)	one OHE CARLES IN CHARGOSTALED	
142	(4)	CrO ₄ ²		nd magn	etic behaviour of the	147.	The	correct order of N-compounds in its reasing order of oxidation states is	
		plex [N	and the second		a the mark has	70 1	(1)	HNO ₃ , NH ₄ Cl, NO, N ₂	
	(1)	squar	e plana	ar geome	try and paramagnetic			An action of the patient materials and a state of contractions.	
	(2)	tetral	nedral g	geometry	and paramagnetic	dilyz	(2)	NH ₄ Cl, N ₂ , NO, HNO ₃	
	(3)	tetral	nedral	geometry	and diamagnetic		(3)	HNO_3 , NO , $\mathrm{NH}_4\mathrm{Cl}$, N_2	
	(4)	squar	e plana	ar geome	try and diamagnetic		(4)	HNO ₃ , NO, N ₂ , NH ₄ Cl	
143.				CO) ₅ is		148.	Which of the following statements is <i>not</i> true for		
	(1)	trinuc						ogens?	
	(2)	dinuc	iear nucleai				(1)	All but fluorine show positive oxidation states.	
	(3) (4)		nuclear			COLUM	(2)	Chlorine has the highest electron-gain	
						Apr.	(24)	enthalpy.	
144.					n in Column I with the	oper	(3)	All are oxidizing agents.	
	- F				of the ions given in correct code:		(4)	All form monobasic oxyacids.	
					Column II	140	Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the		
	a.	Co ³⁺		i. √8 B.M.		149.	following metals can be used to reduce alumin		
							(1)	Mg	
	b.	Cr ³⁺		ii.	√35 B.M.		(2)	Cu	
	c.	Fe^{3+}		iii.	$\sqrt{3}$ B.M.		(3)	Zn	
	d.	d. Ni ²⁺		iv.	$\sqrt{24}$ B.M.	F. ac.	(4)	Fe The second se	
				v.	$\sqrt{15}$ B.M.				
		a	b	c	d	150.		correct order of atomic radii in group 13 ments is	
	(1)	iv	i	ii	iii		(1)	B < Ga < Al < Tl < In	
	(2)	iii	v	i	ii		(2)	B < Ga < Al < In < Tl	
	(3)	i	ii	iii	iv		(3)	B < Al < Ga < In < Tl	
	(4)	iv	v	ii	O _i - 250 - 40 -		(4)	B < Al < In < Ga < Tl	
200	(1)								

151. In the reaction

the electrophile involved is

- (1) dichloromethyl anion (CHCl₂)
- (2) dichlorocarbene (:CCl₂)
- (3) formyl cation (CHO)
- (4) dichloromethyl cation (CHCl₂)
- 152. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their
 - (1) more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction
 - (2) formation of intermolecular H-bonding
 - (3) formation of carboxylate ion
 - (4) formation of intramolecular H-bonding
- 153. Compound A, C₈H₁₀O, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively

(1)
$$\sim$$
 CH – CH $_3$ and I_2 OH

(2)
$$CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3$$
 OH and I_2

(3)
$$\sim$$
 CH₂ – CH₂ – OH and I₂

(4)
$$H_3C - CH_2 - OH \text{ and } I_2$$

- 154. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp², sp², sp, sp from left to right atoms?
 - (1) $CH_2 = CH CH = CH_2$
 - (2) $CH_3 CH = CH CH_3$
 - (3) $CH_2 = CH C \equiv CH$
 - (4) $HC \equiv C C \equiv CH$
- **155.** Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?

- 156. Which of the following is correct with respect toI effect of the substituents? (R = alkyl)
 - $(1) NH_2 > OR > F$
 - (2) $-NR_2 > -OR > -F$
 - (3) $-NR_2 < -OR < -F$
 - $(4) NH_2 < -OR < -F$

- **157.** Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is *incorrect*?
 - (1) Examples are bakelite and melamine.
 - (2) They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.
 - (3) They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.
 - (4) They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.
- **158.** Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because
 - (1) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.
 - (2) In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.
 - (3) In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.
 - (4) In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.
- **159.** The difference between amylose and amylopectin is
 - (1) Amylopectin have 1 \rightarrow 4 α -linkage and 1 \rightarrow 6 β -linkage
 - (2) Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose
 - (3) Amylose have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$ β -linkage
 - (4) Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$ α -linkage
- 160. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc. H₂SO₄. The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
 - (1) 2.8
 - (2) 4·4
 - (3) 3.0
 - (4) 1.4
- **161.** Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?
 - (1) BaO
 - (2) CaO
 - (3) BeO
 - (4) MgO

162. For the redox reaction

$$MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$$

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

	MnO_4^-	$C_2O_4^{2-}$	H ⁺
(1)	2	16	5

163. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \quad \Delta_r H = -X kJ$$
?

- (1) High temperature and high pressure
- (2) High temperature and low pressure
- (3) Low temperature and low pressure
- (4) Low temperature and high pressure
- **164.** When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
 - (1) is tripled
 - (2) remains unchanged
 - (3) is doubled
 - (4) is halved
- 165. The bond dissociation energies of X_2 , Y_2 and XY are in the ratio of 1:0.5:1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol^{-1} . The bond dissociation energy of X_2 will be
 - (1) 800 kJ mol^{-1}
 - (2) 400 kJ mol^{-1}
 - (3) 100 kJ mol^{-1}
 - (4) 200 kJ mol⁻¹
- **166.** The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
 - (1) electric field present between the gas molecules
 - (2) forces of attraction between the gas molecules
 - (3) volume of the gas molecules
 - (4) density of the gas molecules

- 167. Following solutions were prepared by mixing different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations:
 - a. $60 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
 - b. $55 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 45 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
 - c. $75 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{5} \text{ HCl} + 25 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{5} \text{ NaOH}$
 - d. 100 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 100 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaOH

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

- (1) d
- (2)
- (3) a
- (4) b
- 168. On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an ion depend?
 - (1) Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion
 - (2) The sign of charge on the ion alone
 - (3) Size of the ion alone
 - (4) The magnitude of the charge on the ion alone
- 169. Given van der Waals constant for NH_3 , H_2 , O_2 and CO_2 are respectively 4·17, 0·244, 1·36 and 3·59, which one of the following gases is most easily liquefied?
 - (1) O_2
 - (2) CO₂
 - (3) H_2
 - (4) NH₃
- 170. The solubility of BaSO₄ in water is 2.42×10^{-3} gL⁻¹ at 298 K. The value of its solubility product (K_{sp}) will be

(Given molar mass of $BaSO_4 = 233 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$)

- $(1) \quad 1.08 \times 10^{-14} \ mol^2 \ L^{-2}$
- (2) $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (3) $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (4) $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

171. Identify the major products P, Q and R in the following sequence of reactions:

Anhydrous
$$AlCl_3 \longrightarrow P \xrightarrow{\text{(i) O}_2} Q + R$$

(1)
$$CH(CH_3)_2$$
 OH $CH_3CH(OH)CH_3$

(2)
$$CH(CH_3)_2$$
 $CH_3 - CO - CH_3$

(3)
$$CH_2CH_2CH_3$$
 CHO COOH

(4)
$$CH_2CH_2CH_3$$
 CHO , CH_3CH_2-OH

- 172. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?
 - (1) Benzoic acid
 - (2) Glycine
 - (3) Acetanilide
 - (4) Aniline

173. The compound C_7H_8 undergoes the following 177. Consider the following species: reactions:

$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 \text{ Cl}_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{Br_2/\text{ Fe}} B \xrightarrow{Zn/\text{ HCl}} C$$

The product 'C' is

- 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene (1)
- (2)p-bromotoluene
- o-bromotoluene (3)
- (4) m-bromotoluene
- 174. Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?
 - N20 (1)
 - (2)NO
 - (3)NO2
 - (4) N205
- 175. The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl5 gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order
 - C₂H₅Cl, C₂H₆, C₂H₅OH
 - C₂H₅OH, C₂H₅ONa, C₂H₅Cl
 - (3) C₂H₅OH, C₂H₅Cl, C₂H₅ONa
 - (4) C_2H_5OH , C_2H_6 , C_2H_5Cl
- 176. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is
 - (1) CH₃ CH₃
 - (2) CH₄
 - (3) $CH_2 = CH_2$
 - (4) $CH \equiv CH$

Which one of these will have the highest bond order?

- CN+ (1)
- (2)CN
- (3) CN
- NO (4)
- 178. Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an ionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is 1s² 2s² 2p³, the simplest formula for this compound is
 - Mg₂X
 - (2) Mg3X2
 - (3) MgX2
 - (4) Mg₂X₃
- **179.** Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature. Above 900°C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature)
 - (1)
 - (2)
 - (3)
 - (4)
- Which one is a wrong statement?
 - The electronic configuration of N atom is

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 1s^2 & 2s^2 & 2p_x^1 \ 2p_y^1 \ 2p_z^1 \end{array}$$

- The value of m for d_{2} is zero. (2)
- An orbital is designated by three quantum (3) numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.
- Total orbital angular momentum of electron in 's' orbital is equal to zero.

Read carefully the following instructions:

- 1. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 2. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 3. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 4. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 5. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 6. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 7. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

