LAACH



Test Booklet Code



This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and this Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question
 carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect
 response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is QQ. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

- Which of the following statements is not true for halogens?
 - (1) All form monobasic oxyacids.
 - (2) Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.
 - (3) All but fluorine show positive oxidation states.
 - (4) All are oxidizing agents.
- The correct order of atomic radii in group 13 elements is
 - (1) B < Al < In < Ga < Tl</p>
 - (2) B < Ga < Al < In < Tl</p>
 - (3) B < Ga < Al < Tl < In
 - (4) B < Al < Ga < In < Tl
- In the structure of ClF₃, the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is
 - (1) one
 - (%) three
 - (3) four
 - (4) two
- The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is
 - (1) HNO3, NO, N2, NH4Cl
 - (2) NH₄Cl, N₂, NO, HNO₃
 - (8) HNO3, NH4Cl, NO, N2
 - (4) HNO₃, NO, NH₄Cl, N₂
- 5. Which one of the following elements is unable to form MF₆³⁻ ion?
 - (1) Ga
 - (2) In
 - (3) B
 - (4) Al
- 6. Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alumina?
 - NO Fe
 - (2) Cu
 - (3) Mg
 - (4) Zn

- The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl₅ gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order
 - C₂H₅OH, C₂H₆, C₂H₅Cl
 - (2) C₂H₅OH, C₂H₅ONa, C₂H₅Cl
 - (3) C₂H₅Cl, C₂H₆, C₂H₅OH
 - (4) √ C₂H₅OH, C₂H₅Cl, C₂H₅ONa
- 8. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is
 - (1) CH = CH
 - (2) CH₄
 - (A) CH3 CH3
 - (4) CH₂ = CH₂
- 9. The compound C₇H₈ undergoes the following reactions:

$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 Cl_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{Br_2/Fe} B \xrightarrow{Zn/HCl} C$$

The product 'C' is

- (1) m-bromotoluene
- (2) p-bromotoluene
- (3) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- (4) o-bromotoluene
- 10. Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?
 - N₂O₅
 - (2) NO
 - (3) N₂O
 - (4) NO₂

- 11. Following solutions were prepared by mixing different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different concentrations:
 - a. $60 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
 - b. $55 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 45 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$
 - c. 75 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ HCl + 25 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ NaOH
 - d. 100 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 100 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaOH

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

- (1) b
- (2) c
- (SQ) d
- (4) a
- 12. On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an ion depend?
 - The magnitude of the charge on the ion alone
 - (2) The sign of charge on the ion alone
 - (3) Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion
 - (4) Size of the ion alone
- 13. The solubility of BaSO $_4$ in water is $2\cdot 42\times 10^{-3}~{\rm gL}^{-1}$ at 298 K. The value of its solubility product $(K_{\rm sp})$ will be

(Given molar mass of BaSO₄ = 233 g mol⁻¹)

- (1) $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (2) $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (3) $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- (4) $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$
- 14. Given van der Waals constant for NH₃, H₂, O₂ and CO₂ are respectively 4·17, 0·244, 1·36 and 3·59, which one of the following gases is most easily liquefied?
 - (1) NH₃
 - (2) CO₂
 - (3) O₂
 - (4) H₂

15. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the correct code:

	$Column\ I$		Column II
a.	Co ³⁺	i.	$\sqrt{8}$ B.M.
b.	Cr ³⁺	ii.	$\sqrt{35}$ B.M.

- c. Fe³⁺ iii. $\sqrt{3}$ B.M. d. Ni²⁺ iv. $\sqrt{24}$ R M
- d. Ni^{2+} iv. $\sqrt{24}$ B.M. v. $\sqrt{15}$ B.M.
 - a b c d
- (1) iv v ii i
- (2) iii v i ii
- (3) iv i ii iii
- (4) i ii iii iv
- 16. Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)5 is
 - (1) tetranuclear
 - (2) dinuclear
 - (3) trinuclear
 - (4) mononuclear
- The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO)₄] are
 - (1) square planar geometry and diamagnetic
 - (2) tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic
 - (3) square planar geometry and paramagnetic
 - (4) tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic
- 18. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?
 - (1) CrO₄²⁻
 - (2) MnO₄²
 - (3) MnO₄
 - (4) Cr₂O₇²⁻
- The type of isomerism shown by the complex [CoCl₂(en)₂] is
 - (1) Geometrical isomerism
 - (2) Linkage isomerism
 - (3) Ionization isomerism
 - (4) Coordination isomerism

20. Identify the major products P, Q and R in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Anhydrous} \\ & \text{AlCl}_3 \\ \\ \text{P} \xrightarrow{\text{(i) O}_2} \\ & \text{(ii) H}_3\text{O}^+\!/\!\Delta} \Rightarrow Q + R \end{array}$$

R

P, Q

(1)
$$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CH_2CH_2CH_3} & \mathrm{CHO} \\ \\ \end{array}$$
 ,
$$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CH_3CH_2 - OH} \\ \end{array}$$

- (2) $CH(CH_3)_2$ $CH_3 CO CH_3$

(4)
$$CH_2CH_2CH_3$$
 CHO COOH

- 21. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?
 - (1) Aniline
 - (2) Glycine
 - (3) Benzoic acid
 - (4) Acetanilide

- 22. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp², sp², sp, sp from left to right atoms?
 - (1) $HC \equiv C C \equiv CH$
 - (2) CH₃ CH = CH CH₃
 - (3) $CH_2 = CH CH = CH_2$
 - (4) $CH_2 = CH C \equiv CH$
- 23. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?

- 24. Which of the following is correct with respect to
 I effect of the substituents? (R = alkyl)
 - (1) $-NH_2 < -OR < -F$
 - (2) $-NR_2 > -OR > -F$
 - (3) $-NH_2 > -OR > -F$
 - $(4) NR_2 < -OR < -F$

- 25. Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an ionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is 1s² 2s² 2p³, the simplest formula for this compound is
 - (1) Mg₂X₃
 - (2) Mg₃X₂
 - (3) Mg₂X
 - (4) MgX₂
- 26. Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature. Above 900°C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature) is
 - (1) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - $(3) \quad \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}}$
 - (4) $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}}$
- 27. Which one is a wrong statement?
 - Total orbital angular momentum of electron in 's' orbital is equal to zero.
 - (2) The value of m for d_z2 is zero.
 - (3) The electronic configuration of N atom is

$1s^2$	$2s^2$	$2p_x^1$	$2p_y^1$	$2p_z^1$
↑↓	↑ ↓	1	1	Į.

- (4) An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.
- 28. Consider the following species:

Which one of these will have the highest bond order?

- (1) NO
- (2) CN
- (3) CN+
- (4) CN

29. In the reaction

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{OH} \\
\hline
\text{O} \\
\text{+ CHCl}_3 + \text{NaOH}
\end{array}$$

the electrophile involved is

- (1) dichloromethyl cation (CHCl₂)
- (2) dichlorocarbene (:CCl₂)
- (3) dichloromethyl anion (CHCl₂)
- (4) formyl cation (CHO)
- Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their
 - (1) formation of intramolecular H-bonding
 - (2) formation of intermolecular H-bonding
 - (3) more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction
 - (4) formation of carboxylate ion
- Compound A, C₈H₁₀O, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively

(1)
$$H_3C$$
 \longrightarrow CH_2 – OH and I_2

(2)
$$CH_3$$
 CH_3 OH and I_2

(3)
$$CH - CH_3$$
 and I_2
OH

(4)
$$\bigcirc$$
 CH₂ – CH₂ – OH and I₂

- The correct difference between first- and second-order reactions is that
 - the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
 - (2) the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations
 - (3) a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed
 - (4) the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]₀; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]₀
- Among CaH₂, BeH₂, BaH₂, the order of ionic character is
 - (1) $BeH_2 < CaH_2 < BaH_2$
 - (2) $BaH_2 < BeH_2 < CaH_2$
 - (3) $BeH_2 < BaH_2 < CaH_2$
 - (4) $CaH_2 < BeH_2 < BaH_2$
- 34. Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

$$\operatorname{BrO}_{4}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} \operatorname{BrO}_{3}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} \operatorname{HBrO}$$
 $\operatorname{Br}^{-} \xleftarrow{1.0652 \text{ V}} \operatorname{Br}_{2} \xleftarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is

- (1) BrO₃
- (2) HBrO
- (3) Br₂
- (4) BrO₄
- 35. In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?
 - (1) 18 mL of water
 - (2) 10^{-3} mol of water
 - (3) 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 273 K
 - (4) 0.18 g of water

- 36. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.
 - (2) They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.
 - (3) Examples are bakelite and melamine.
 - (4) They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.
- Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because
 - In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.
 - (2) In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.
 - (3) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.
 - (4) In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.
- 38. Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?
 - (1) MgO
 - (2) CaO
 - (3) BaO
 - (4) BeO
- The difference between amylose and amylopectin is
 - (1) Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$ α -linkage
 - (2) Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose
 - (3) Amylopectin have 1 → 4 α-linkage and 1 → 6 β-linkage
 - (4) Amylose have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α-linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$ β-linkage
- 40. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc. H₂SO₄. The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
 - (1) 1.4
 - (2) 4.4
 - (3) 2.8
 - (4) 3.0

41. For the redox reaction

 $MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

	MnO_4^-	$C_2O_4^{2-}$	H^{+}	
(1)	16	5	2	
(2)	5	16	2	
(3)	2	16	5	
(4)	2	5	16	

- The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
 - (1) density of the gas molecules
 - (2) forces of attraction between the gas molecules
 - (3) electric field present between the gas molecules
 - (4) volume of the gas molecules
- Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \quad \Delta_r H = -X \text{ kJ } ?$$

- (1) Low temperature and high pressure
- (2) High temperature and low pressure
- (3) High temperature and high pressure
- (4) Low temperature and low pressure
- 44. The bond dissociation energies of X₂, Y₂ and XY are in the ratio of 1:0·5:1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol⁻¹. The bond dissociation energy of X₂ will be
 - (1) 200 kJ mol⁻¹
 - (2) 400 kJ mol⁻¹
 - (3) 800 kJ mol⁻¹
 - (4) 100 kJ mol⁻¹
- 45. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
 - (1) is halved
 - (2) remains unchanged
 - (3) is tripled
 - (4) is doubled

- 46. Which of the following is an occupational respiratory disorder?
 - (1) Anthracis
 - (2) Emphysema
 - (3) Botulism
 - (4) Silicosis
- Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction because it
 - binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin.
 - (2) prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament.
 - (3) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament.
 - (4) activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it.
- 48. Which of the following gastric cells indirectly help in erythropoiesis?
 - (1) Chief cells
 - (2) Parietal cells
 - (3) Goblet cells
 - (4) Mucous cells

Column I

49. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Column II

a.	Fibr	inogen	i,	Osmotic balance
b.	Glob	ulin	ii.	Blood clotting
c.	Albu	imin	iii.	Defence mechanism
	a	b	c	" - I II
(1)	iii	ii	i	- 1
(2)	iî	iii	i	
(3)	i	iii	ii	
(4)	i	ii	iii	

Among the following sets of examples for Which of the following hormones can play a 54. divergent evolution, select the incorrect option : significant role in osteoporosis? Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah (1) Aldosterone and Prolactin Eye of octopus, bat and man (2)(2) Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin Brain of bat, man and cheetah (3)Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone Heart of bat, man and cheetah (3)(4) (4) Progesterone and Aldosterone In which disease does mosquito transmitted 55. chronic inflammation pathogen cause Which of the following is an amino acid derived lymphatic vessels? Elephantiasis hormone? (1) Amoebiasis (2) (1) Epinephrine Ringworm disease Estriol (2)Ascariasis Which of the following is not an autoimmune Estradiol 56. (3)disease? Ecdysone (4) Psoriasis (1) Vitiligo (2)52. Which of the following structures or regions is Alzheimer's disease (3) incorrectly paired with its function? Rheumatoid arthritis (4) controls respiration Conversion of milk to curd improves its (1) Medulla oblongata : 57. and cardiovascular nutritional value by increasing the amount of reflexes. Vitamin D (1) band of fibers Corpus callosum (2)Vitamin E (2)connecting left and Vitamin B₁₂ (3)right cerebral hemispheres. (4)Vitamin A Which of the following characteristics represent 58. production of Hypothalamus (3)'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans? releasing hormones Dominance and regulation of a. Co-dominance temperature, b. hunger and thirst. Multiple allele consists of fibre Incomplete dominance d. Limbic system tracts that Polygenic inheritance e. interconnect (1) b, c and e different regions of a, c and e (2) brain: controls b, d and e movement. (3) a, b and c The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs The transparent lens in the human eye is held in of many vertebrates is an example of its place by Homology (1) ligaments attached to the ciliary body Adaptive radiation (2)smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body Convergent evolution (3)(3) smooth muscles attached to the iris Analogy (4) ligaments attached to the iris

- 60. Which of the following animals does not undergo metamorphosis?
 - (1) Earthworm
 - (2) Starfish
 - (3) Moth
 - (4) Tunicate
- 61. Which one of these animals is not homeotherm?
 - (1) Macropus
 - (2) Psittacula
 - (3) Camelus
 - (4) Chelone
- 62. Which of the following features is used to identify a male cockroach from a female cockroach?
 - Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the 9th abdominal segment
 - (2) Presence of anal cerci
 - (3) Forewings with darker tegmina
 - (4) Presence of caudal styles
- 63. Which of the following organisms are known as chief producers in the oceans?
 - (1) Dinoflagellates
 - (2) Euglenoids
 - (3) Cyanobacteria
 - (4) Diatoms
- 64. Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in
 - (1) using flagella for locomotion
 - (2) having two types of nuclei
 - (3) using pseudopodia for capturing prey
 - (4) having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water
- 65. Identify the vertebrate group of animals characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive system.
 - (1) Amphibia
 - (2) Osteichthyes
 - (3) Aves
 - (4) Reptilia

- 66. The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from
 - (1) ectoderm and mesoderm
 - (2) ectoderm and endoderm
 - (3) mesoderm and trophoblast
 - (4) endoderm and mesoderm
- 67. Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are
 - (1) hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin
 - hCG, progestogens, estrogens, glucocorticoids
 - (3) hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens
 - (4) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
- 68. The contraceptive 'SAHELI'
 - blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted.
 - (2) is a post-coital contraceptive.
 - (3) is an IUD.
 - (4) increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
- 69. The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation is
 - In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
 - (2) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.
 - (3) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
 - (4) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.

10.	111 0	Ston	rup bob			- 5 -	COMMENT.	
	(1)		eproduc eproduc				als are more t lls.	han
	(2)		reprodu reproduc				als are less t ds.	han
	(3)		oductivo viduals				pre-reproduc umber.	tive
	(4)		oductive -reprodu				are less than als.	the
71.		ımn I					nn I with thos rect option g	
		Colu	mn I			C	olumn II	
	a.	Eutr	ophicat	ion	i.	U	V-B radiation	
	b.	Sani	tary lar	dfill	ii.	De	eforestation	
	C.	Snov	w blindr	iess	iii.		itrient richment	
	d.	Jhui	n cultiv	ation	iv.	W	aste disposal	
		a	b	c		d	8	
	(1)	ii	i	iii		iv		
	(2)		ii	iv		iii		
		iii	iv	i.		ii		
	(4)	i	iii	iv		ii		
72.	Whi	ch pa g "Sm	rt of po ack"?	рру р	lant	is t	used to obtain	the
	(1)	Flov	vers					
	(2)	Leav	ves					
	(3)	Root	ts					
	(4)	Late	ex					
73.	inte	eractio		idely ı	ised	in	wing popula nedical scienc	
	(1)	Con	imensal	ism				
	(2)	Ame	ensalisn	1				
	(3)	Para	asitism					
	(4)	Mut	ualism					
74.			ne follo		are	inc	luded in Ex	-sit
	(1)	Wile	ilife saf	ari par	rks			

75.	Match th	ne i	items	given	in C	Column I	with th	ose in
	Column	Π	and	select	the	correct	option	given
	below:							

		Colu	mnI		Column II
	a.	Glyc	osuria	i.	Accumulation of uric acid in joints
	b.	Gout		ii.	Mass of crystallised salts within the kidney
	c.	Rena	al calculi	iii.	Inflammation in glomeruli
	d.		nerular ıritis	iv.	Presence of glucose in urine
		a	b	c	d
	(1)	iii	ii	iv	į
	(2)	iv	i	ii	iii
	(3)	ii	iii	i	iv
	(4)	i	ii	iii	iv
52	72.20		W 14	1	0.1 7 20 41 1-

76. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

	Colu	mnI			Column II
	(Fun	ction)			(Part of Excretory System)
a.	Ultr	afiltrati	on	i.	Henle's loop
b.	Conc of ur	centrati	on	ii.	Ureter
c.	Tran	sport o	f.	iii.	Urinary bladder
d.	Stor	age of u	rine	iv.	Malpighian corpuscle
				v,	Proximal convoluted tubule
	а	b	c	d	
(1)	iv	v	ii	ii	i
(2)	v	iv	i	ii	ii
(3)	v	iv	i	ii	
(4)	iv	i	ii	ii	ii

(2)

(4)

Seed banks

(3) Botanical gardens

Sacred groves

77.	A wor	nan h	as an X	-linked	cond	Heldir on one on their	82.	Whic	h of the following events does not occur in h endoplasmic reticulum?
				This	chr	omosome can be		(1)	Protein folding
		ited by						(2)	Phospholipid synthesis
	9.4		laughte					(3)	Cleavage of signal peptide
				d daugh	iters			(4)	Protein glycosylation
	(3)	Only s	grandch	ildren			100000	(2)14(2)	
	(4)	Only 8	sons				83.		ch of these statements is incorrect?
78.	AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding			(1)	Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.				
	seque	ence of	f the tr	anscribe	ed m	RNA?		(2)	Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer mitochondrial membrane.
	(1)	AGGI	JAUCO	CAU				(3)	Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied
	(2)	UCCA	AUAGO	GUA				(3)	with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.
	(3)	ACCU	JAUGO	CGAU				(4)	Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.
	(4)	UGG'	TUTCO	CAT		y year hate progressive year	04	Colo	ct the incorrect match :
79.	Mate	h the mn II	items g	given in elect th	Col	umn I with those in orrect option given	04,	(1)	Lampbrush - Diplotene bivalents
	belo	w : Colui	$mn\ I$			Column II		(2)	Polytene – Oocytes of amphibians chromosomes
	a.	Proli	ferative	Phase	i.	Breakdown of endometrial		(3)	Submetacentric - L-shaped chromososmes
						lining	1	(4)	Allosomes - Sex chromosomes
	b.	Secre	etory P	hase	ii.	Follicular Phase	Section 1		
	e.	Men	struatio	on	iii.	Luteal Phase	85.		ich of the following terms describe human
		a	b	c			1	(1)	Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont
	(1)	iii	ii	i				(2)	Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
			i	ii			1	(3)	Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont
	(2)	iii	(26)	i			1	(4)	Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont
	(3)	ii	iii	ii	T		00	93420	ssl bodies are mainly composed of
	(4)	i	iii	62		number of the second se	86.	(1)	The conversal and the conversal and a series after a series and the conversal and th
80.				igo de	Vrie	s, the mechanism of	f	(2)	, comp
	evo	lution			ev				I CDD
	(1)		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	ep muta	ition	S		(3)	
	(2)		or mut					(4)	
	(3)	Phe	notypic	variati	ons		87.	Ma	any ribosomes may associate with a single RNA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide
	(4)	Salt	ation					sir	nultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are
81.	All	of the	followi	ng are j	part	of an operon except		ter	rmed as
	(1)	an (perato	r				(1)	Polysome
	(2)	a pr	omoter	0				(2)	Nucleosome
	(3)	an e	enhanc	er				(3)) Plastidome
	(4)	str	ictural	genes			-	(4)	Polyhedral bodies

88.	Colu	mn II	tems g	iven i elect t	n Co he o	lumn l with	those in on given	91.	The shome	stage during which separation of the paired ologous chromosomes begins is Pachytene
	belov		20. F			Column II			(2)	Zygotene
		Colum				Between lef			(3)	Diakinesis
	a.	Tricus	spid val	ve	i.	and left ven			(4)	Diplotene
	b.	Bicus	pid val	ve	ii.	Between rig ventricle an pulmonary	ght id	92.	Whic (1) (2)	th of the following is true for nucleolus? Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells It is a site for active ribosomal RN/
	c.	Semil	unar v	alve	iii.	Between rig atrium and ventricle			(3) (4)	synthesis. It takes part in spindle formation. It is a membrane-bound structure.
		а	b	c				93.	Ston	natal movement is not affected by
	(1)	iii	i	ii					(1)	Temperature
	(2)	ii	i	iii					(2)	CO ₂ concentration
	(3)	i	ii	iii					(3)	O ₂ concentration
		i	iii	ii					(4)	Light
				0000		alamen T and t	h those in	94.	Whi	ch among the following is not a prokaryote?
89.	Mat	ch the	items	given	in C	correct opt	ion given	-	(1)	Saccharomyces
	belo		and s	serect	the	correct ope	norr Briser		(2)	Oscillatoria
1	Deit	Colu	mn I			Colum	n II		(3)	Nostoc
	-		l volum	P		i. 2500 –	3000 mL	1	(4)	Mycobacterium
	a. b.	Inspi	iratory		ve	The same of the sa	1200 mL	95.	rea	ich of the following is not a product of light ction of photosynthesis?
	c.	Volui Expi volui	ratory	Reser	ve	iii. 500 – l	550 mL		(1) (2) (3)	ATP Oxygen NADPH
	d.	141,0024,101	dual vo	lume		iv. 1000 -	1100 mL		(4)	NADH
	:CI:		b	c		d		96.	0.3350	mata in grass leaf are
	7922	a		137		iv			(1)	Dumb-bell shaped
	(1)	iii	ii	i		80			(2)	
	(2)	iv	iii	ii		î			(3)	Rectangular
	(3)	i .	iv :	ii		iii -			(4)	The state of the s
	(4)	iii	i	ĩv		ii		97.	Th	e Golgi complex participates in
90.	ret	present iphyser Infl	ma, res ammat	lung pectivi ion	rely ' of l	litions in as		d	(1) (2) (3) (4)	Activation of amino acid Respiration in bacteria Formation of secretory vesicles
	(2)	Dec	oiratory reased	re	spira	itory surfa	ace;	98.		e two functional groups characteristic o gars are
		Infl				nchioles			(1)	- N
	(3)	Inc	reased ammat	res	pira bro	tory surfa nchioles	ice;		(2)	carbonyl and hydroxyl
	(4)	Inc		numb	er o	f bronchioles	; Increase	d	(3)	

99.	A 'ne	w' variety of rice was p	patented by a foreign	105.	Wing	ed pol	len gra	ins are	present	in	
	comt	any, though such v	arieties have been		(1)	Musta	ard				
ě	prese	ent in India for a long ti	me. This is related to		(2)	Pinus					
	(1)	Co-667			(3)	Mang					
	(2)	Basmati			(4)	Cycas					
1	(3)	Lerma Rojo	50	100	A 60-	learn	ngamy	follow	ed by me	iosis, spores	are
)	(4)	Sharbati Sonora		100,	nrod	nced e	xogeno	usly ir	i	TITCOTIFICO # 1412 01901	
100.	Selec	et the correct match :			(1)		ospora				
	(1)	Ribozyme	 Nucleic acid 		(2)		naromy	ces			
	(2)	G. Mendel	- Transformation		(3)	Agar	cus				
	(3)	T.H. Morgan	- Transduction		(4)	Alter	naria				
		$F_2 \times Recessive parent$		-	100001-00	400-	e/	(61. 1 1.0.0	- stabod 9		
	(4)			107.					natched?	Polysiphonia	
101.	Whi	ch of the following is	commonly used as a		(1)		agenat ellular			Chlorella	
	vect	or for introducing a DN	A tragment in numan		(2) (3)		ma cup		-	Marchantia	
		phocytes?			(4)				ores -	Brown algae	
	(1)	Retrovirus				1 (11)	•	Contract of the Contract of th			
	(2)	pBR 322		108.	Mat	ch the	items	given	in Colum	n I with thos	e in
	(3)	λ phage			Colu	ımn I	I and	select	the corr	ect option gi	ven
	(4)	Ti plasmid			belo	w:			22 0		
102.	In	India, the organisat	tion responsible for			Colu	nn I		Column	И	
102.	asse	essing the safety of in lified organisms for pub	ntroducing genetically lic use is		a.	Herl	parium		collection	ce having a of preserved	
	(1)	Indian Council of Med	lical Research (ICMR)						The state of the s	d animals.	
	(2)	Genetic Engineering (GEAC)	Appraisal Committee		b.	Key		ii.	methodic	at enumerates	
	(3)	Research Commit Manipulation (RCGM							with brie	ound in an are of description	88
	(4)	Council for Scient	tific and Industria	1						entification.	
		Research (CSIR)			C.	Mus	eum	iii.		e where dried	
103.	The	correct order of steps action (PCR) is	in Polymerase Chair	1					mounted	plant specime on sheets are	
	(1)	Extension, Denatural	tion, Annealing		247	~ .	1	200	kept.	t containing	a list
	(2)	Denaturation, Annea	ling, Extension		d.	Cat	alogue	iv.		cters and thei	
	(3)	Denaturation, Extens	sion, Annealing						Control of the second	es which are	
	(4)	Annealing, Extension	, Denaturation							in identificati	on o
104.	Us	e of bioresources by m	ultinational companie	S					various		
	an	d organisations without	authorisation from th	е		a	b	c	d		W
		ncerned country and its	people is called		(1)		iv	iii	ii		
	(1)				(2)		iv	i	ij		
	(2)				(3)	~	iv	iii			
	(3)	- Schoolsenson			(4)		ii	i	iv		
	(4)	Biopiracy		1	3,27	1,000	_	-		172	na

rote of NAD in cellula	ar 110. Niche is
respiration ? (1) It functions as an enzyme	(1) all the biological factors in the organism
the till citayine.	environment
respiration.	where it lives
(4) It functions as an electron carrier.	needs to live
110. Oxygen is not produced during photosynthesis b	y (4) the physical space where an organism live
(1) Green sulphur bacteria	
(2) Chara	117. Which of the following is a secondary pollutant
(3) Cycas	(1) CO
(4) Nostoc	(2) O ₃
111. Double fertilization is	(3) SO ₂
 Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube with two different eggs 	(4) CO ₂
(2) Syngamy and triple fusion	118. World Ozone Day is celebrated on
(3) Fusion of two male gametes with one egg	(a) eth -
(4) Fusion of one male gamete with two polar	1967 Chr. Skillandisc
nuclei	(2) 22 nd April
112. In which of the following forms is iron absorbed by plants?	(3) 16 th September
(1) Ferric	(4) 21 st April
(2) Both ferric and ferrous	119 In strategic 111 and an
(3) Free element	119. In stratosphere, which of the following elements acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and
(4) Ferrous	release of molecular avvgor 2
113. Which of the following elements is responsible for	(1) Carbon
maintaining turgor in cells?	(2) Oxygen
(1) Magnesium	(3) Fe
(2) Calcium	(4) Cl
(3) Potassium (4) Sodium	ALEKSON DESIGN
	120. What type of ecological pyramid would be
114. Which one of the following plants shows a very	obtained with the following data?
close relationship with a species of moth whore	Secondary consumer : 120 g
none of the two can complete its life cycle without the other?	Primary consumer : 60 g
(1) Hydrilla	Primary producer : 10 g
(2) Viola	(1) Inverted pyramid of biomass
(3) Banana	(2) Upright pyramid of biomass
(4) Yucca	(3) Upright pyramid of numbers
15. Pollen grains can be stored for several years in	(4) Pyramid of energy
liquid nitrogen having a temperature of	121. Natality refers to
(1) -120°C	(1) Death rate
(2) -160°C	(2) Number of individuals entering a habitat
(3) -196°C	(3) Number of individuals leaving the habitat
(4) -80°C	(4) Birth rate
AACH/QQ/Page 14 SPACE FOR BO	DUGH WORK Employ

	Which of the following has proved helpful in	129.	. Sele	ect the wrong statement:	
	preserving pollen as fossils? (1) Pollenkitt		(1)	Cell wall is present in members of Fung- and Plantae.	
	(2) Sporopollenin (3) Oil content		(2)	Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except Monera.	
	(4) Cellulosic intine		(3)	Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in Sporozoans.	
	Which of the following pairs is wrongly matched?	y	(4)	Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.	
	(1) Starch synthesis in pea : Multiple alleles	130.	Cas	parian strips occur in	
	(2) T.H. Morgan : Linkage	1.000-00	(1)	Epidermis	
	(3) XO type sex : Grasshopper		(2)	Endodermis	
	Determination		(3)	Cortex	
	(4) ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance		(4)	Pericycle	
124.	Select the correct match:		Wh	ich of the following statements is correct?	
	(1) Alec Jeffreys – Streptococcus pneumoniae		(1)	Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in gymnosperms.	
	(2) Francois Jacob and – Lac operon Jacques Monod		(2)	A Triple with the second of	
	(3) Matthew Meselson – Pisum sativum		(3)	Horsetails are gymnosperms.	
	and F. Stahl (4) Alfred Hershey and - TMV Martha Chase		(4)	Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous.	
125.		132.	Pne	umatophores occur in	
	Which of the following flowers only once in its life-time?		(1)	Halophytes	
	(1) Bamboo species		(2)	Submerged hydrophytes	
	(2) Papaya		(3)	Carnivorous plants	
	(3) Mango		(4)	Free-floating hydrophytes	
	(4) Jackfruit	133	Swe	et potato is a modified	
126.	Select the correct statement:	100		Stem	
	(1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage".		(2)	Rhizome	
	(2) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman.		(3)	Tap root	
	(3) Spliceosomes take part in translation.		(4)	Adventitious root	
	(4) Punnett square was developed by a British scientist.	The Party of the Control of the	Seco	ondary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are	
	Offsets are produced by		proc	duced by	
	(1) Meiotic divisions	1	(1)	Apical meristems	
	(2) Parthenogenesis		(2)	Axillary meristems	
	(3) Parthenocarpy		(3)	Phellogen	
	(4) Mitotic divisions		(4)	Vascular cambium	
128.	그 하는 아이들이 아이들에게 하고 있는데 어린 내가 있습니다. 그렇게 하는데	135.	Plan	Plants having little or no secondary growth are	
	replication of DNA was first shown in a (1) Fungus		(1)	Grasses	
	(2) Virus		(2)	Cycads	
	(3) Plant		(3)	Conifers	

(4) Bacterium

(4) Deciduous angiosperms

- 136. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, λ₀. If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength ³/₄λ₀, the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is
 - (1) $\frac{3}{4}$
 - (2) $\frac{81}{256}$
 - (3) $\frac{256}{81}$
 - (4) $\frac{4}{3}$
- 137. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by Δl on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?
 - (1) 9 F
 - (2) F
 - (3) 4 F
 - (4) 6 F
- 138. A sample of 0·1 g of water at 100°C and normal pressure (1·013 × 10⁵ Nm⁻²) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167·1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is
 - (1) 104·3 J
 - (2) 84·5 J
 - (3) 42·2 J
 - (4) 208·7 J
- 139. A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to
 - (1) r³
 - (2) r⁴
 - (3) r⁵
 - (4) r²

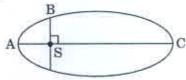
- 140. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is
 - (1) smaller
 - (2) equal
 - (3) 10 times greater
 - (4) 5 times greater
- 141. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m/s² at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is
 - (1) 2πs
 - (2) 1 s
 - (3) 2 s
 - (4) πs
- 142. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is
 - independent of the distance between the plates.
 - (2) inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (3) proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates.
 - (4) linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
- 143. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is
 - (1) 330 m/s
 - (2) 300 m/s
 - (3) 350 m/s
 - (4) 339 m/s

- 144. The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of 148. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μF and a an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is
 - (1) 1:1
 - (2)1:-2
 - (3) 2:-1
 - (4) 1:-1
- 145. When the light of frequency $2v_0$ (where v_0 is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v1. When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to $5v_0$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v2. The ratio of v1 to v2 is
 - (1) 1:2
 - (2)2:1
 - (3) 4:1
 - (4) 1:4
- 146. For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is
 - (1)20
 - (2) 15
 - (3)30
 - (4) 10
- 147. An electron of mass m with an initial velocity $\overrightarrow{V} = \overrightarrow{V_0} \hat{i} (\overrightarrow{V_0} > 0)$ enters an electric field $\overrightarrow{E} = -E_0 \hat{i}$ (E₀ = constant > 0) at t = 0. If λ_0 is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is
 - $\frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1+\frac{eE_0}{mV_0}t\right)}$

 - (3) \(\lambda_0 t\)
 - (4) $\lambda_0 \left[1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0} t \right]$

- resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, V = 10 sin 314 t. The power loss in the circuit is
 - (1) 0.79 W
 - (2)1.13 W
 - (3)2.74 W
 - (4) 0.43 W
- A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m⁻¹ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
 - (1) 7·14 A
 - (2)11.32 A
 - (3)14.76 A
 - (4)5-98 A
- 150. A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The required to do this comes from
 - (1) the current source
 - the induced electric field due to the (2) changing magnetic field
 - the lattice structure of the material of the rod
 - the magnetic field
- 151. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is
 - (1) 40 Ω
 - (2) 500 Ω
 - (3) 250Ω
 - 25Ω

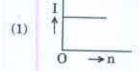
- 152. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio $K_t: (K_t + K_r)$ for the sphere is
 - (1) 7:10
 - (2) 2:5
 - (3) 10:7
 - (4) 5:7
- 153. The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are K_A, K_B and K_C, respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then



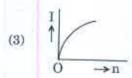
- (1) $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- (2) $K_B > K_A > K_C$
- (3) $K_B < K_A < K_C$
- (4) $K_A > K_B > K_C$
- 154. If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?
 - (1) Raindrops will fall faster.
 - (2) 'g' on the Earth will not change.
 - (3) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
 - (4) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
- 155. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?
 - (1) Angular velocity
 - (2) Angular momentum
 - (3) Rotational kinetic energy
 - (4) Moment of inertia

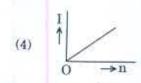
- 156. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index '\mu'. At a particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?
 - (1) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence
 - (2) $i = tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
 - (3) $i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
 - (4) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence
- 157. In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0.20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0.21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to
 - (1) 1.8 mm
 - (2) 1·7 mm
 - (3) 2·1 mm
 - (4) 1.9 mm
- 158. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of
 - (1) small focal length and large diameter
 - (2) small focal length and small diameter
 - (3) large focal length and large diameter
 - (4) large focal length and small diameter

- 159. A carbon resistor of (47 ± 4·7) kΩ is to be marked 162. A body initially at rest and sliding along a with rings of different colours for identification. The colour code sequence will be
 - Violet Yellow Orange Silver
 - (2)Green - Orange - Violet - Gold
 - (3)Yellow - Green - Violet - Gold
 - Yellow Violet Orange Silver (4)
- 160. A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf 'E' and internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I. Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10 I. The value of 'n' is
 - (1)10
 - (2)9
 - (3)20
 - (4) 11
- 161. A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?

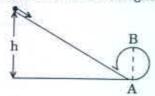








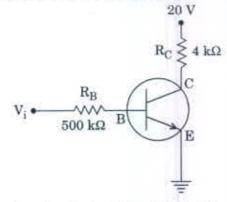
frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



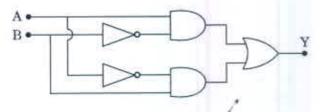
- (4)
- 163. Three objects, A : (a solid sphere), B : (a thin circular disk) and C : (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed w about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
 - (1) $W_C > W_B > W_A$
 - $(2) \quad W_{\Delta} > W_{C} > W_{D}$
 - $(3) W_B > W_A > W_C$
 - (4) $W_A > W_B > W_C$
- 164. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
 - (2)Coefficient of sliding friction dimensions of length.
 - Frictional force opposes the relative motion. (3)
 - Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
- 165. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be
 - (1) 0.5
 - (2)0.4
 - (3) 0.8
 - (4)0.25

- velocity $\vec{V} = V \hat{i}$. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along
 - (1) - z direction
 - x direction
 - y direction (3)
 - + z direction (4)
- 167. The refractive index of the material of a prism is $\sqrt{2}$ and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is
 - (1) 60°
 - (2) zero
 - 30° (3)
 - (4) 45°
- 168. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance
 - (1) 0·138 H
 - (2) 13·89 H
 - (3) 1.389 H
 - 138-88 H
- 169. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
 - (1) 30 cm away from the mirror
 - 36 cm towards the mirror (2)
 - 30 cm towards the mirror
 - 36 cm away from the mirror

166. An em wave is propagating in a medium with a 170. In the circuit shown in the figure, the input voltage V_i is 20 V, $V_{BE} = 0$ and $V_{CE} = 0$. The values of I_B, I_C and β are given by

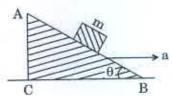


- (1) $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $\beta = 250$
- (2) $I_R = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 125$
- (3) $I_B = 20 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 250$
- (4) $I_R = 25 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 200$
- 171. In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating
 - affects only reverse resistance
 - affects the overall V I characteristics of p-n junction
 - does not affect resistance of p-n junction
 - affects only forward resistance
- 172. In the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and Bas



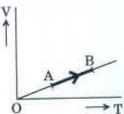
- (1)
- A.B + A.B
- $A \cdot \overline{B} + \overline{A} \cdot B$

- horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field E . Due to the force q E, its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively
 - 2 m/s, 4 m/s (1)
 - (2)1.5 m/s. 3 m/s
 - 1 m/s, 3.5 m/s (3)
 - 1 m/s, 3 m/s (4)
- 174. A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge



- a = cosec 0
- $a = g \tan \theta$
- $a = g \cos \theta$
- 175. A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of - 0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is
 - 0.521 cm (1)
 - 0.529 cm (2)
 - 0.053 cm (3)
 - (4) 0.525 cm
- 176. The moment of the force, $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$ at (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by
 - (1) $-8\hat{i} 4\hat{i} 7\hat{k}$
 - (2) $-7\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
 - (3) $-7\hat{i} 8\hat{j} 4\hat{k}$
 - (4) $-4\hat{i} \hat{j} 8\hat{k}$

173. A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless 177. The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is



- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- 2 (4)
- 178. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is
 - 13.2 cm
 - (2)16 cm
 - 12-5 cm (3)
 - 8 cm (4)
- 179. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is
 - 26.8% (1)
 - 12.5% (2)
 - 6.25% (3)
 - 20% (4)
- 180. At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere?

(Given: Mass of oxygen molecule (m) = 2.76×10^{-26} kg Boltzmann's constant $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$

- $2.508 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$ (1)
- $1.254 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$ (2)
- 5·016 × 104 K (3)
- $8.360 \times 10^{4} \text{ K}$ (4)